

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL
TITLE V PERMIT**

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

NSLC Southern Inc
11167 Pattison Hermanville Road
Hermanville, Mississippi
Claiborne County

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. § 7401 - 7671) (i.e., the “Federal Act”) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued: _____

Effective Date: As specified herein.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Expires: [Date not to exceed 5 years from issuance]

Permit No.: 0420-00004

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SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit non-compliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(a).)

1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(b).)

1.3 The permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(c).)

1.4 Prior to its expiration, this permit may be reopened in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

(1) Additional applicable requirements under the Federal Act become applicable to a major Title V source with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended.

(2) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.

(3) The Permit Board or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

(4) The Administrator or the Permit Board determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

(b) Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.

- (c) Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Title V source by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Permit Board may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.G.)

- 1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(e).)

- 1.6 The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(d).)

- 1.7 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit (or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances) is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof (or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances) shall not be affected thereby.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(5).)

- 1.8 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual fee based on a fee schedule established by the Mississippi Commission on Environmental Quality (i.e., the “Commission”). The fee schedule shall be set each year by order of the Commission in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6.

- (a) A portion of the fee shall be based on the permittee’s annual quantity of emissions. The permittee shall elect for “actual emissions” or “allowable emissions” to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions.

- (i) “Actual emissions” shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgments where such judgments are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission.

- (ii) “Allowable emissions” are those emissions limited by this permit as well as those emissions not expressly limited by this permit but otherwise allowed by this permit, as represented in the Title V application.
- (iii) Notwithstanding paragraphs (i) and (ii), a minimum annual fee shall be assessed in accordance with the fee schedule established by the Commission when calculating this portion of the fee.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.B(1).)

- (b) A portion of the fee shall be based on the complexity of this permit, as determined by the number of air regulations applicable to the permittee on the date of the fee calculation in accordance with the fee schedule established by the Commission. Only air regulations required to be addressed by this permit may be included in the annual fee schedule.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.B(2).)

- (c) By July 1 of each year, the permittee shall submit a completed annual fee reporting form to the DEQ accompanied by all necessary calculations and supporting information to verify actual emissions. If the annual fee reporting form is not filled out completely and accurately or certified in accordance with Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E., “allowable emissions” or other information necessary to determine the appropriate annual fee shall be used in the fee calculation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.B(3)(c).)

- (d) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available to the permittee to accurately complete and submit the annual fee reporting form by July 1, but such information becomes available and is submitted to the DEQ after July 1, the fee calculation and assessment may be altered according to the annual fee schedule. No fee actually paid to the DEQ shall be refunded due to a change in the fee calculation.

If a fee is recalculated such that the amount assessed for an annual period is reduced and the permittee has already paid all or a portion of the fee, the revised fee assessment may not be reduced to an amount less than what the permittee has already paid regardless of the results of the recalculation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.B(3)(d).)

- (e) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. However, the permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments with the payments due September 1, December 1, March 1 and June 1. The permittee shall notify the DEQ that the quarterly payment method will be used by September 1.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.E(1).)

- (f) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee is insufficient or incorrect, the DEQ will notify the permittee of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees as a result

of the adjusted fee assessment will be due at the time of the next scheduled quarterly payment.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.E(1)(b).)

- (g) If an annual fee is not paid within thirty (30) days after the due date, a penalty of ten (10) percent of the amount due shall at once accrue and be added thereto. If the fee is not paid in full (including any interest and penalty within sixty (60) days of the due date), the Permit Board may revoke the permit upon proper notice and hearing as required by law.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.E(1)(a).)

- (h) If the permittee disagrees with the calculation or applicability of an annual fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D.)

- 1.9 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(8).)

- 1.10 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.)

- 1.11 The permittee shall allow the DEQ (or an authorized representative), upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:

- (a) Enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (b) Have access to and copy (at reasonable times) any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (c) Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
- (d) As authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor (at reasonable times) substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(2).)

- 1.12 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(1).)
- 1.13 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(2).)
- 1.14 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance upon satisfying one of the following conditions:
- (a) Such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit; or
 - (b) The Permit Board, in acting on the permit application or revision, determines in writing that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the permittee and the permit includes such determination (or a concise summary thereof).
- (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(1).)
- 1.15 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
- (a) The provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;
 - (b) The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
 - (c) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Federal Act.
 - (d) The ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the Federal Act.
- (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(2).)
- 1.16 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required to register such a plan pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Federal Act.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.H.)
- 1.17 Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one that is submitted at least six (6) months prior to the date of permit expiration.
- If the permittee submits a timely and complete application for permit issuance (including for renewal), the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of the applicable regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This

protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.A(1)(c), R. 6.4.B., and 6.4.C(2).)

1.18 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (Ref.: Section 502(b)(10) of the Federal Act) if the following criteria are met:

- (a) The changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Federal Act;
- (b) The changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
- (c) The permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes [i.e., at least seven (7) days or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies] and the notification includes the following information:
 - (1) A brief description of the change(s),
 - (2) The date on which the change will occur,
 - (3) Any change in emissions, and
 - (4) Any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;
- (d) The permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.F(1).)

1.19 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an “Air Pollution Emergency Episode”, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with either the permittee's prepared “Emission Control Action Program(s)” or, in the absence of a prepared Emission Control Action Program, the appropriate requirements and “Emission Reduction Objectives” specified in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3. – “Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes” – for the level of emergency declared and the permittee’s source of air contamination.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3.)

1.20 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the permittee’s facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions specified in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. – “Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment” – and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6. – “Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act.”

“Modification” is defined as any physical change in or change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject

to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:

- (a) Routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
- (b) Use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the “Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974” (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the “Federal Power Act”;
- (c) Use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
- (d) Use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:
 - (1) The source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. and/or Ch. 5.; or
 - (2) The source is approved to use under any permit issued under Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. and/or Ch. 5.;;
- (e) An increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. or Ch. 5.; or
- (f) Any change in ownership of the stationary source.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.C(15).)

1.21 An administrative permit amendment may be made by the Permit Board authorizing changes in ownership or operational control consistent with the following procedure:

- (a) The Permit Board shall take action within sixty (60) days after receipt of a completed request for a permit transfer, unless a public hearing is scheduled. The Permit Board may incorporate such changes without providing notice to the public or affected State(s) provided that it designates any such permit revision as having been made pursuant to this paragraph.
- (b) A permit transfer shall be approved upon satisfaction of the following:
 - (1) The applicant for transfer approval can demonstrate to the Permit Board it has the financial resources, operational expertise, and environmental compliance history over the last five (5) years to insure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit to be transferred, except where this conflicts with State Law, and
 - (2) The Permit Board determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittee has been submitted to the DEQ.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.D(4)(a) and (b).)

- 1.22 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Act. All terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit the permittee's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Federal Act as well as the Commission.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.B(1).)

- 1.23 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and ordnance.

Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or an Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director of DEQ; and must meet the following buffer zones:

- (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within fifty (50) yards of an occupied dwelling.
- (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private airfields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.G.)

- 1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, and shutdowns.

- (a) Upsets (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
 - (1) For an upset, the Commission may pursue an enforcement action for noncompliance with an emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit. In determining whether to pursue enforcement action, and/or the appropriate enforcement action to take, the Commission may consider whether the source has demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence the following:

- (i) An upset occurred and that the source can identify the cause(s) of the upset;

- (ii) The source was at the time being properly operated;
 - (iii) During the upset the source took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit;
 - (iv) That within five (5) working days of the time the upset began, the source submitted a written report to the Department describing the upset, the steps taken to mitigate excess emissions or any other non-compliance, and the corrective actions taken and;
 - (v) That as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of an upset that caused an immediate adverse impact to human health or the environment beyond the source boundary or caused a general nuisance to the public, the source provided notification to the Department.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding by the Commission, the source seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
 - (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
 - (4) These upset provisions apply only to enforcement actions by the Commission and are not intended to prohibit EPA or third-party enforcement actions.
- (b) Start-ups and Shutdowns (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
- (1) Start-ups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emission limitations apply during start-ups and shutdowns unless source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for start-ups and shutdowns are defined by an applicable rule, regulation, or permit.
 - (2) Where the source is unable to comply with existing emission limitations established under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and defined in Regulation 11 Mississippi Administrative Code, Part 2, Chapter 1, the Department will consider establishing source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for start-ups and shutdowns. Source specific emission limitations or work practice standards established for start-ups and shutdowns are subject to the requirements prescribed in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.B(2)(a) through (e).
 - (3) Where an upset as defined in Rule 1.2 occurs during start-up or shutdown, see the “Upset” requirements above.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.)

- 1.25 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M (National Emission Standard for Asbestos), as adopted by reference in Regulation 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8.)

SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

Emission Point	Description
AA-100	Facility-Wide [NSLC Southern, Inc.]
AA-001	Planer Mill Shavings Cyclone [planer mill by-products are collected via a cyclone and stored in a bin]
AA-009	1,000-gallon Unleaded Regular Gasoline Above Ground Storage Tank
AA-010	98 hp (73 kW) diesel-fired Emergency Engine (manufactured in 2012)
AA-011	175 hp diesel-fired Emergency Fire Pump Engine (manufactured in 2015)
AA-012	54 hp propane-fired Emergency Spark Ignition (SI) Engine (manufactured in 2017)
AA-013	17 hp propane-fired Emergency SI Engine (manufactured in 2017)
AA-014	40 MMBtu/hr Direct-Fired Continuous Lumber Drying Kiln [permitted to combust green wood waste as fuel]
AA-015	Fuel Silo Target Box [sawdust is pneumatically conveyed from the sawmill to the fuel silo]
AA-016	Sawmill Operations [includes log debarking, sawing bark hogging, and wood chipping]
AA-017	64.1 hp (47 kW) propane-fired Emergency SI Engine (manufactured in 2022)

SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

A. FACILITY-WIDE EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial, or waste disposal process, which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) and (b):

- (a) Start-up operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per start-up in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) start-ups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
- (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed sixty (60) percent opacity and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.)

3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Condition 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.)

3.A.3 The permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of particles or any contaminants in sufficient amounts or of such duration from any process as to be injurious to humans, animals, plants, or property, or to be a public nuisance, or create a condition of air pollution.

- (a) The permittee shall not cause or permit the handling, transporting, or storage of any material in a manner which allows or may allow unnecessary amounts of particulate matter to become airborne.
- (b) When dust, fumes, gases, mist, odorous matter, vapors, or any combination thereof escape from a building or equipment in such a manner and amount as to cause a nuisance to property other than that from which it originated or to violate any other provision of Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1, the Commission may order such corrected in a way that all air and gases or air and gas-borne material leaving the building or equipment are controlled or removed prior to discharge to the open air.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.C.)

B. EMISSION POINT SPECIFIC EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-100	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.F(1).	3.B.1	PM (filterable)	$E = 4.1 \times p^{0.67}$
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10), as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023 (Major Source Avoidance Limits)	3.B.2	Methanol	≤ 0.18 lb/MBF
			HAP (individual)	≤ 9.90 tpy
			HAP (total)	≤ 24.90 tpy
AA-001	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10), as established in Permit to Construct issued August 6, 1998 ("Moderate Source" Limit)	3.B.3	PM (filterable)	≤ 9.05 lb/hr ≤ 39.6 tpy
AA-009	40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities) 40 CFR 63.11111(a), (b), and (i), Subpart CCCCCC	3.B.4	HAP	Applicability
AA-010 AA-011 AA-012 AA-013 AA-017	40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines) 40 CFR 63.6585(a) and (c), and 63.6590(c)(1), Subpart ZZZZ	3.B.5	HAP	Applicability
AA-010 AA-011	40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII (Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines) 40 CFR 60.4200(a)(2)(i) and (ii), Subpart IIII	3.B.6	NMHC + NO _x CO PM	Applicability
	40 CFR 60.4207(b), Subpart IIII, and 1090.305(b) and (c)	3.B.7	Fuel requirement	≤ 15 ppm sulfur content ≥ 40 cetane index or ≤ 35 vol.% aromatic content
	40 CFR 60.4211(a) and (c), Subpart IIII	3.B.8	Operation & Maintenance	Operate and maintain the engine according to the manufacturer's instructions
	40 CFR 60.4211(f), Subpart IIII	3.B.9		Emergency use
	40 CFR 60.4209(a), Subpart IIII	3.B.10	Hours	Install non-resettable hour meter
AA-010	40 CFR 60.4205(b) and 4202(a)(1)(2), 60.4206, Subpart IIII, Table 3 of Appendix I of 40	3.B.11	NMHC + NO _x	≤ 4.7 g/kW-hr
			CO	≤ 5.0 g/kW-hr

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/Parameter	Limit/Standard
	CFR 1039, and 40 CFR 1039.105(b)		PM	≤ 0.40 g/kW-hr
			Opacity	≤ 20% during acceleration mode ≤ 15% during lugging mode ≤ 50% during peaks in acceleration or lugging modes
AA-011	40 CFR 60.4205(c), Table 4, and 60.4206, Subpart IIII	3.B.12	NMHC + NO _x	≤ 4.0 g/kW-hr (3.0 g/hp-hr)
			CO	≤ 3.5 g/kW-hr (2.6 g/hp-hr)
			PM	≤ 0.20 g/kW-hr (0.15 g/hp-hr)
AA-012 AA-013 AA-017	40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ (Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines)	3.B.13	HC + NO _x CO	Applicability
	40 CFR 60.4243(a)(1) and (d), Subpart JJJJ	3.B.14	Operation & Maintenance	Purchase a certified engine and emergency engine operation
	40 CFR 60.4237(c), Subpart JJJJ	3.B.15	Hours	Install a non-resettable hour meter
AA-012 AA-017	40 CFR 60.4233(c), 60.4231(c), 60.4234, Subpart JJJJ	3.B.16	Emission Standards	Meet the requirements of Appendix I, 40 CFR 1054
AA-013	40 CFR 60.4233(a), 60.4231(a), 60.4232, Subpart JJJJ, and 40 CFR 1054.101(a)(2), and Table 1 to 1054.105(a)	3.B.17	HC + NO _x	≤ 10.0 g/kW-hr
			CO	≤ 610 g/kW-hr
AA-014	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10), as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023	3.B.18	Fuel Source Restriction	Combust uncontaminated wood waste
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10), as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023 (PSD Avoidance Limit)	3.B.19	VOCs (was WPP1)	≤ 4.52 lb/MBF ≤ 248.6 tpy
		3.B.20	Lumber Throughput	110,000.0 MBF/yr

3.B.1 For Emission Point AA-100 (Facility-Wide), the permittee shall not allow the emission of particular matter (PM) in total quantities in any one (1) hour from any manufacturing process (which includes any associated stacks, vents, outlets, or combination thereof) to exceed the amount determined by the relationship:

$$E = 4.1 \times p^{0.67}$$

Where “E” is the emission rate in pounds per hour, and “p” is the process weight input rate in tons per hour. The conveyor discharge of coarse solid matter may be allowed if no nuisance is created beyond the property boundary where the discharge occurs.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.F(1).)

3.B.2 For Emission Point AA-100 (Facility-Wide), the permittee shall limit the total emission of each of the following pollutants on a rolling 52-week total basis:

- (a) No more than 0.18 pounds of methanol per thousand board feet (MBF) dried;
- (b) No more than 9.90 tons per year (tpy) of each individual hazardous air pollutant (HAP); and
- (c) No more than 24.90 tpy of all HAPs in total.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023 – Major Source Avoidance Limits)

3.B.3 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall limit the emission of particulate matter to no more than 9.05 pounds per hour. The permittee shall also limit the total emission of particulate matter to no more than 39.6 tons per year on a rolling 12-month total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., as established in Permit to Construct issued August 6, 1998 – Moderate Source Limit)

3.B.4 For Emission Point AA-009, the permittee is subject to and shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities, and 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, General Provisions, as established in Table 3 of Subpart CCCCCC.

The monthly throughput for Emission Point AA-009 is less than 10,000 gallons of gasoline on a monthly basis; therefore, the permittee must comply with the applicable requirements of Conditions 3.D.1 and 3.D.2. If the throughput of Emission Point AA-009 exceeds 10,000 gallons per month, the permittee will comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 63.11111(c) or (d) from that point forward even if the throughput falls to below the new, applicable threshold.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.11111(a), (b), and (i), Subpart CCCCCC)

3.B.5 For Emission Points AA-010, AA-011, AA-012, and AA-013, the permittee is subject to and shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, and 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, General Provisions, as established in Table 8 of Subpart ZZZZ.

For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, the permittee shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, by meeting the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII, for compression ignition engines. For Emission Points AA-012, AA-013, and AA-017, the permittee shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, by meeting the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ, for spark ignition engines. No further requirements apply for such engines under Subpart ZZZZ.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6585(a) and (c), and 63.6590(c)(1), Subpart ZZZZ)

3.B.6 For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, the permittee is subject to and shall comply

with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart III, Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines, and 40 CFR 60, Subpart A, General Provisions, as established in Table 8 of Subpart III.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4200(a)(2)(i) and (ii), Subpart III)

3.B.7 For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, the permittee shall only use diesel fuel in each engine that meets the following requirements (on a per-gallon basis):

- (a) A maximum sulfur content of fifteen (15) parts per million (ppm); and
- (b) A minimum cetane index of 40 or a maximum aromatic content of 35 volume percent (vol. %).

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4207(b), Subpart III, and 1090.305(b) and (c))

3.B.8 For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, the permittee shall do all of the following:

- (a) Operate and maintain the stationary CI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related instructions;
- (b) Change only those emission-related settings that are permitted by the manufacturer; and
- (c) Meet the requirements of 40 CFR 1068, as they apply.

The permittee shall meet the emission standards in Conditions 3.B.11 and 3.B.12 by purchasing certified engines. The engine must be installed and configured according to the manufacturer's emission related specifications.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 42.4211(a) and (c), Subpart III)

3.B.9 For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, any operation of each engine for any reason other than emergency operation, maintenance, and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for fifty (50) hours per year is prohibited. If any engine is not operated in accordance with paragraphs (a) through (c) of this condition, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under the referenced regulation and shall meet all requirements for a corresponding non-emergency engine.

- (a) There is no time limit on the use of an engine in emergency situations.
- (b) The permittee may operate an engine for the purpose of maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state, or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, or the insurance company accompanied with the engine. Maintenance checks and readiness testing of an engine is limited to a maximum of one hundred (100) hours per calendar year. The permittee may petition the MDEQ for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance and testing. However, a petition is not required if the permittee maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of the engine beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (c) The permittee may operate an engine for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing. The

50 hours per calendar year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to supply power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial agreement with another entity.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4211(f), Subpart III)

- 3.B.10 For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, the permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter on each engine if one is not already installed.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4209(a), Subpart III)

- 3.B.11 For Emission Point AA-010, the permittee shall not discharge into the atmosphere any gases that contain the following pollutants in excess of the corresponding emission standards:

- (a) Non-methane hydrocarbons + nitrogen oxides (NMHC + NO_x): 4.7 grams per kilowatt-hour (g/kW-hr);
- (b) Carbon monoxide (CO): 5.0 g/kW-hr; and
- (c) Particulate Matter (PM): 0.40 g/kW-hr.

The permittee shall also not discharge into the atmosphere any smoke exhaust that exceeds the following opacity standards:

- (a) Twenty percent (20%) during the acceleration mode;
- (b) Fifteen percent (15%) during the lugging mode; and
- (c) Fifty percent (50%) during the peaks in either the acceleration or lugging modes.

The permittee shall operate and maintain the engine in such a manner to achieve these emission standards over the entire life of the engine.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4205(b) and 4202(a)(1)(2), 60.4206, Subpart III, Table 3 of Appendix I of 40 CFR 1039, and 40 CFR 1039.105(b))

- 3.B.12 For Emission Point AA-011, the permittee shall not discharge into the atmosphere any gases that contain the following pollutants in excess of corresponding emission standards:

- (a) Non-methane hydrocarbons + nitrogen oxides (NMHC + NO_x): 4.0 g/kW-hr (or 3.0 g/hp-hr);
- (b) Carbon monoxide (CO): 3.5 g/kW-hr (or 2.6 g/hp-hr); and
- (c) Particulate matter (PM): 0.20 g/kW-hr (or 0.15 g/hp-hr).

The permittee shall operate and maintain the engine in such a manner to achieve these emission standards over the entire life of the engine.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4205(c), Table 4, and 60.4206, Subpart III)

- 3.B.13 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-013, the permittee is subject to and shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ, Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines, and 40 CFR 60, Subpart A,

General Provisions, as established in Table 3 of Subpart JJJJ.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4230(a)(4)(iii) and (iv), Subpart JJJJ)

3.B.14 For Emission Point AA-012, AA-013, and AA-017, the permit will comply with the emission standards in Conditions 3.B.16 and 3.B.17 by purchasing a certified engine. The permittee must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements below. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year is prohibited. If the permittee does not operate the engine according to the requirements below, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.

- (a) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (b) The permittee may operate the emergency stationary ICE for the purposes of maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state, or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations allowed by paragraph (c) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year. The permittee may petition MDEQ for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the permittee maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (c) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situation are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing provided in paragraph (b). The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4243(a)(1) and (d), Subpart JJJJ)

3.B.15 For Emission Points AA-012, AA-013, and AA-017, the permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter on each engine if one is not already installed.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4237(c), Subpart JJJJ)

3.B.16 For Emission Points AA-012 and AA-017, the engine must be certified to the Phase 1 emission standards in 40 CFR 1054, Appendix I, applicable to class II engines, and other requirements for new nonroad SI engines in 40 CFR 1054. The permittee shall operate and maintain the engine in manner to achieve the emission standards over the entire life of the engine.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4233(c), 60.4231(c), 60.4232, Subpart JJJJ)

3.B.17 For Emission Point AA-013, the permittee shall not discharge into the atmosphere any gases that contain the following pollutants in excess of the corresponding emission standards:

- (a) Hydrocarbons + nitrogen oxides (HC + NO_x): 10.0 g/kW-hr; and
- (b) Carbon monoxide (CO): 610 g/kW-hr.

The permittee shall operate and maintain the engine in manner to achieve the emission standards over the entire life of the engine.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4233(a), 60.4231(a), 60.4232, Subpart JJJJ, and 40 CFR 1054.101(a)(2), and Table 1 to 1054.105(a))

3.B.18 For Emission Point AA-014, the permittee shall only combust uncontaminated wood waste as the primary fuel within the burner. For the purpose of this permit, “uncontaminated wood waste” is defined as any by-product generated from processing harvested timber/dried lumber (i.e. sawdust, bark, wood chips, shavings, etc.) that does not possess an artificial coating or residue. Additionally, the permittee may utilize uncontaminated wood waste from a third-party source only if it meets the aforementioned definition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023)

3.B.19 For Emission Point AA-014, the permittee shall limit the emission of volatile organic compounds as determined by Wood Products Protocol 1 (VOCs as WPP1) to no more than 4.52 pounds per MBF dried and no more than 248.6 tpy based on a rolling 52-week total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., as established in Permit to Construct issued on October 3, 2023 – PSD Avoidance Limit)

3.B.20 For Emission Point AA-014, the permittee shall limit the total throughput of lumber dried to no more than 110,000.0 MBF per year based on a rolling 52-week total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., as established in Permit to Construct issued on October 3, 2023 – PSD Avoidance Limit)

C. INSIGNIFICANT AND TRIVIAL ACTIVITY EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/Parameter	Limit/Standard
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).	3.C.1	PM	≤ 0.6 lb./MMBTU
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).	3.C.2	SO ₂	≤ 4.8 lb./MMBTU

- 3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter (PM) from fossil fuel burning installations of less than ten (10) million BTU (MMBTU) per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per MMBTU per hour heat input.
 (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)
- 3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per MMBTU heat input.
 (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

D. WORK PRACTICE STANDARDS

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant / Parameter	Limit / Standard
AA-009	40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities)	3.D.1	HAP	Handling spills
	40 CFR 63.1116(a), Subpart CCCCCC			Operation and maintenance
	40 CFR 63.1115(a), Subpart CCCCCC	3.D.2		

3.D.1 For Emission Point AA-009, the permittee shall not allow gasoline to be handled in a manner that would result in vapor releases to the atmosphere for extended periods of time. Measures to be taken include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) Minimize gasoline spills;
- (b) Clean spills as expeditiously as practicable;
- (c) Cover all open gasoline containers and all gasoline storage tank fill-pipes with a gasketed seal when not in use;
- (d) Minimize gasoline sent to open waste collection systems that collect and transport gasoline to reclamation and recycling devices, such as oil/water separators.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.1116(a), Subpart CCCCCC)

3.D.2 For Emission Point AA-009, the permittee shall, at all times, operate and maintain the emission source and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to MDEQ which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.1115(a), Subpart CCCCCC)

SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with terms and conditions contained in this permit (including emission limitations, standards, or work practices) by January 31 of each year for the preceding calendar year. If the permit was reissued or modified during the course of the preceding calendar year, the compliance certification shall address each version of the permit. Each compliance certification shall include the following information:
- (a) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (b) The compliance status;
 - (c) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (d) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
 - (e) Such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(5)(a), (c), and (d).)

SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. GENERAL MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
- 5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)
- 5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring the following information:
- (a) The date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (b) The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - (c) The company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - (d) The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - (e) The results of such analyses; and
 - (f) The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(1).)
- 5.A.3 Except where a longer duration is specified in an applicable requirement, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(2).)
- 5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.

For applicable periodic reporting requirements in 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, and 63, the permittee shall comply with the deadlines in this condition for reporting conducted on a semiannual basis. Additionally, any required quarterly reports shall be submitted by the end of the month following each calendar quarter period (i.e., April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31), and any required annual reports shall be submitted by January 31 following each calendar year.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)
(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.19(c), 61.10(g), and 63.10(a)(5))
- 5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit

requirements (including those attributable to upsets), the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. The report shall be made within five (5) working days of the time the deviation began.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(2).)

- 5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements (if applicable). All test methods shall be those respective versions (or their equivalents) approved by the EPA.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

- 5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

- 5.A.8 Unless otherwise specified in Section 4 of this permit, the monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements specified in Section 5 herein supersede the requirements of any preceding permit to construct and/or operate upon permit issuance.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

B. SPECIFIC MONITORING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/Parameter Monitored	Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement
AA-001	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.B.1	PM	Stack Testing
AA-001 AA-015	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11), as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023	5.B.2	Opacity	Perform a visible emission observation weekly
		5.B.3	Performance	Monthly checks
AA-009	40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities) 40 CFR 63.11111(e) and 63.11125(d), Subpart CCCCCC	3.B.4	HAP	Record monthly throughput and malfunctions
AA-010 AA-011	40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII (Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines) 40 CFR 60.4214(b), Subpart IIII	3.B.5	Hours	Hours of operation
AA-012 AA-013 AA-017	40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ (Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines) 40 CFR 60.4245(a), Subpart JJJJ 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11)	3.B.6	Certification, maintenance, and hours of operation	General recordkeeping
AA-014	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11), as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023	3.B.7	Lumber Throughput	Monitor and record throughput of the kiln

5.B.1 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the particulate matter limitations and opacity limitations by stack testing in accordance with EPA Reference Method 1-5 and 9 once every five (5) years (not to exceed 61 months from the previous test). For the purposes of the compliance demonstration, the permittee shall operate the source at peak load conditions. For the purpose of compliance

demonstration, peak load conditions shall be identified as within 20% of the maximum rated capacity of the source.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.B.2 For Emission Point AA-001 and AA-015, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the opacity limitation outlined in Condition 3.A.2 by performing a weekly visible emissions observation in accordance with EPA Test Method 22 on the exhaust from each emission control unit during daylight hours and during representative operating conditions. Each observation shall be conducted for a minimum period of six (6) consecutive minutes.

If visible emissions are detected during an observation, the permittee shall perform and record a visible emissions evaluation (VEE) in accordance with EPA Test Method 9. In the event that a VEE is required but cannot be conducted, the permittee shall record a written explanation as to why it was not possible to perform the VEE. The VEE shall be performed by a person who is certified as a visible emission reader by the MDEQ or an equivalent agency qualified for such services.

The permittee shall maintain all documentation that details the information specified by EPA Test Method 22 and/or EPA Test Method 9, the date and time of each observation/evaluation, the results of each observation, and any corrective actions taken to prevent or minimize emissions.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023)

- 5.B.3 For Emission Points AA-001 and AA-015, the permittee shall perform an inspection that evaluates the performance capability of each emission control unit on a monthly basis (or more often if necessary). If a problem is noted during an inspection, the permittee shall perform the necessary maintenance to ensure operation as originally designed. Additionally, the permittee shall maintain on-site (to the extent practicable) sufficient components as is necessary to repair an emission control unit.

The permittee shall maintain documentation that details the date/time of each inspection, the results of each inspection, any problem that is experienced during an inspection, any maintenance (either corrective or preventative) performed to return an emission control unit to operation as originally designed, and the duration in which a emission control unit is non-operational due to malfunction.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023)

- 5.B.4 For Emission Point AA-009, the permittee shall keep records of the following:
- (a) Records to document the monthly throughput of gasoline.
 - (b) Records of the occurrence and duration of malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment) or the air pollution control and monitoring equipment.
 - (c) Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with Condition 3.D.2, including corrective actions to restore

malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.11111(e) and 63.11125(d), Subpart CCCCCC)

- 5.B.5 For Emission Points AA-010 and AA-011, the permittee shall keep records of the operation of the engine in emergency and non-emergency service that are recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The permittee must record the time of operation of the engine and the reason the engine was in operation during that time.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4214(b), Subpart IIII)

- 5.B.6 For Emission Points AA-012, AA-013, and AA-017, the permittee shall keep records of the following information:

- (a) All notifications submitted to comply with this subpart and all documentation supporting any notification.
- (b) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (c) Documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards.
- (d) Records of operation of the engine in emergency and non-emergency service that are recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The permittee must record the time of operation of the engine and the reason the engine was in operation during that time.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4245(a), Subpart JJJJ, and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.B.7 For Emission Point AA-014, the permittee shall monitor the throughput of lumber dried within the kiln in thousand board feet (MBF) based on both a weekly and rolling 52-week total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt 2, R. 2.2.B(11)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023)

C. SPECIFIC REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/Parameter Monitored	Reporting Requirement
AA-100 (Facility-Wide)	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023	5.C.1	Maintenance and Throughput	Semi-annual emission control unit maintenance and throughput reporting
AA-001	11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).	5.C.2	PM	Submit test protocol 30-days in advance and notify within 10-days of test date
		5.C.3		Submit test report
AA-001 AA-015	11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).	5.C.4		Semi-annual VEE summary reporting

5.C.1 For Emission Point AA-100 (Facility-Wide), the permittee shall submit a semi-annual monitoring report in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 that contains the following:

- (a) For Emission Points AA-001 and AA-015: a summary of any maintenance conducted on an emission control unit and any period of time (in hours) in which an emission control unit was non-operational due to malfunction.
- (b) For Emission Point AA-014: the total throughput (in thousand of board feet, MBF) of lumber dried within the kiln a rolling 52-week total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11)., as established in Permit to Construct issued October 3, 2023)

5.C.2 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall submit a written test protocol, for compliance with Condition 5.B.1, at least thirty (30) days prior to the intended test date to ensure all methods are acceptable to MDEQ. Also, the MDEQ shall be notified in writing at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled test date so that an observer may be afforded the opportunity to witness the test.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

5.C.3 For Emission Point AA-001, the permittee shall submit a test report of the results of the stack tests required Condition 5.B.1 within sixty (60) days of the individual test dates.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

5.C.4 For Emission Point AA-001 and AA-015, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual report in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 containing a summary of the VEEs required in Condition 5.B.2.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

6.1 None permitted.

SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at <http://www.ecfr.gov/> under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A – Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B – Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E – The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
 - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
 - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
 - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F – Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
 - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances containing class I, class II or non-exempt substitute refrigerants;
 - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners; or
 - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations, as well as persons selling, offering for sale, and/or purchasing class I, class II, or non-exempt substitute refrigerants.
- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G – Significant New

Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.

- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H – Halon Emissions Reduction:
- (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
 - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
 - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
 - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

APPENDIX A

List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit

BACT	Best Available Control Technology
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor
CEMS	Continuous Emission Monitoring System
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CO	Carbon Monoxide
COM	Continuous Opacity Monitor
COMS	Continuous Opacity Monitoring System
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
gr./dscf	Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot
HP	Horsepower
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
lb./hr	Pounds per Hour
M or K	Thousand
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
MM	Million
MMBTU/H	Million British Thermal Units per Hour
NA	Not Applicable
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NESHAP	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR Part 61; or National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories, 40 CFR Part 63
NM VOC	Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds
NO _x	Nitrogen Oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR Part 60
O&M	Operation and Maintenance
PM	Particulate Matter
PM ₁₀	Particulate Matter less than 10 µm in diameter
PM _{2.5}	Particulate Matter less than 2.5 µm in diameter
ppm	Parts per Million
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
SSM	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction
TPY	Tons per Year
TRS	Total Reduced Sulfur
VEE	Visible Emissions Evaluation
VHAP	Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOHAP	Volatile Organic Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound