# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI AIR POLLUTION CONTROL TITLE V PERMIT

TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

## THIS CERTIFIES THAT

TVA Caledonia Combined Cycle Plant
255 Lone Oak Road
Steens, Mississippi
Lowndes County

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. § 7401 - 7671) and the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Permit Issued: April 21, 2020

Effective Date: As specified herein.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Expires: March 31, 2025 Permit No.: 1680-00053

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SECTION 4.	COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE	
SECTION 5. SECTION 6.	MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS . ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS	
SECTION 7.	TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS	
SECTION 8.	ACID RAIN REQUIREMENTS	
SECTION 9.	CROSS STATE AIR POLLUTION RULE REQUIREMENTS	38
APPENDIX A	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS PERMIT	
APPENDIX B	LIST OF REGULATIONS REFERENCED IN THIS PERMIT	
APPENDIX C	PHASE II ACID RAIN PERMIT	

#### SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Federal Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(a).)

1.2 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(b).)

1.3 This permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(c).)

- 1.4 Prior to its expiration, this permit may be reopened in accordance with the provisions listed below.
  - (a) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
    - (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Federal Act become applicable to a major Title V source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended.
    - (2) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
    - (3) The Permit Board or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emission standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
    - (4) The Administrator or the Permit Board determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
  - (b) Proceedings to reopen and issue this permit shall follow the same procedures as

- apply to initial permit issuance and shall only affect those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
- (c) Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Title V source by the DEQ at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Permit Board may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.G.)

1.5 The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permittee or, for information to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(e).)

1.6 This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(6)(d).)

1.7 The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(5).)

- 1.8 The permittee shall pay to the DEQ an annual permit fee. The amount of fee shall be determined each year based on the provisions of regulated pollutants for fee purposes and the fee schedule specified in the Commission on Environmental Quality's order which shall be issued in accordance with the procedure outlined in Regulation 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6.
  - (a) For purposes of fee assessment and collection, the permittee shall elect for actual or allowable emissions to be used in determining the annual quantity of emissions unless the Commission determines by order that the method chosen by the applicant for calculating actual emissions fails to reasonably represent actual emissions. Actual emissions shall be calculated using emission monitoring data or direct emissions measurements for the pollutant(s); mass balance calculations such as the amounts of the pollutant(s) entering and leaving process equipment and where mass balance calculations can be supported by direct measurement of process parameters, such direct measurement data shall be supplied; published emission factors such as those relating release quantities to throughput or equipment type (e.g., air emission factors); or other approaches such as engineering calculations (e.g., estimating

volatilization using published mathematical formulas) or best engineering judgments where such judgments are derived from process and/or emission data which supports the estimates of maximum actual emission.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).)

(b) If the Commission determines that there is not sufficient information available on a facility's emissions, the determination of the fee shall be based upon the permitted allowable emissions until such time as an adequate determination of actual emissions is made. Such determination may be made anytime within one year of the submittal of actual emissions data by the permittee.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.A(2).)

(c) If at any time within the year the Commission determines that the information submitted by the permittee on actual emissions is insufficient or incorrect, the permittee will be notified of the deficiencies and the adjusted fee schedule. Past due fees from the adjusted fee schedule will be paid on the next scheduled quarterly payment time.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D(2).)

(d) The fee shall be due September 1 of each year. By July 1 of each year, the permittee shall submit an inventory of emissions for the previous year on which the fee is to be assessed. The permittee may elect a quarterly payment method of four (4) equal payments; notification of the election of quarterly payments must be made to the DEQ by the first payment date of September 1. The permittee shall be liable for penalty as prescribed by State Law for failure to pay the fee or quarterly portion thereof by the date due.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.D.)

(e) If in disagreement with the calculation or applicability of the Title V permit fee, the permittee may petition the Commission in writing for a hearing in accordance with State Law. Any disputed portion of the fee for which a hearing has been requested will not incur any penalty or interest from and after the receipt by the Commission of the hearing petition.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.6.C.)

1.9 No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(8).)

1.10 Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification by a responsible official that states that, based on information and belief 12322 PER20190001

formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.)

- 1.11 The permittee shall allow the DEQ, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
  - (a) enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissionsrelated activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (b) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (c) inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
  - (d) as authorized by the Federal Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(2).)

1.12 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall have necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility for any new air pollution control equipment, obtained after May 8, 1970, and vented to the atmosphere.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(1).)

1.13 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall provide the necessary sampling ports and ease of accessibility when deemed necessary by the Permit Board for air pollution control equipment that was in existence prior to May 8, 1970.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.I(2).)

1.14 Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance where such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit or where the permit contains a determination, or summary thereof, by the Permit Board that requirements specifically identified previously are not applicable to the source.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(1).)

- 1.15 Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
  - (a) the provisions of Section 303 of the Federal Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the Administrator under that section;

- (b) the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
- (c) the applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Federal Act.
- (d) the ability of EPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 of the Federal Act.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.F(2).)

1.16 The permittee shall comply with the requirement to register a Risk Management Plan if permittee's facility is required pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Act to register such a plan.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.H.)

1.17 Expiration of this permit terminates the permittee's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted. A timely application is one which is submitted at least six (6) months prior to expiration of the Title V permit. If the permittee submits a timely and complete application, the failure to have a Title V permit is not a violation of regulations until the Permit Board takes final action on the permit application. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the DEQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.C(2)., R. 6.4.B., and R. 6.2.A(1)(c).)

- 1.18 The permittee is authorized to make changes within their facility without requiring a permit revision (ref: Section 502(b)(10) of the Act) if:
  - (a) the changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act;
  - (b) the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under this permit;
  - (c) the permittee provides the Administrator and the Department with written notification in advance of the proposed changes (at least seven (7) days, or such other time frame as provided in other regulations for emergencies) and the notification includes:
    - (1) a brief description of the change(s),
    - (2) the date on which the change will occur,
    - (3) any change in emissions, and
    - (4) any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change;

(d) the permit shield shall not apply to any Section 502(b)(10) change.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.F(1).)

1.19 Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule or, in the absence of an approved schedule, with the appropriate requirements specified in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3., "Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes" for the level of emergency declared.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3.)

- 1.20 Except as otherwise provided herein, a modification of the facility may require a Permit to Construct in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2., "Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment", and may require modification of this permit in accordance with Regulations 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6., "Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act". Modification is defined as "[a]ny physical change in or change in the method of operation of a facility which increases the actual emissions or the potential uncontrolled emissions of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act emitted into the atmosphere by that facility or which results in the emission of any air pollutant subject to regulation under the Federal Act into the atmosphere not previously emitted. A physical change or change in the method of operation shall not include:
  - (a) routine maintenance, repair, and replacement;
  - (b) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Sections 2 (a) and (b) of the Federal Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan pursuant to the Federal Power Act;
  - (c) use of an alternative fuel by reason of an order or rule under Section 125 of the Federal Act;
  - (d) use of an alternative fuel or raw material by a stationary source which:
    - (1) the source was capable of accommodating before January 6, 1975, unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR 51, Subpart I, or 40 CFR 51.166; or
    - (2) the source is approved to use under any permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Part 51, Subpart I, or 40 CFR 51.166;

- (e) an increase in the hours of operation or in the production rate unless such change would be prohibited under any federally enforceable permit condition which was established after January 6, 1975, pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21 or under regulations approved pursuant to 40 CFR Subpart I or 40 CFR 51.166; or
- (f) any change in ownership of the stationary source.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.C(15).)

1.21 Any change in ownership or operational control must be approved by the Permit Board.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.4.D(4).)

1.22 This permit is a Federally approved operating permit under Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. All terms and conditions, including any designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Federal Act as well as the Commission.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.B(1).)

- 1.23 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the open burning of residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial solid waste, is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to infrequent burning of agricultural wastes in the field, silvicultural wastes for forest management purposes, land-clearing debris, debris from emergency clean-up operations, and ordnance. Open burning of land-clearing debris must not use starter or auxiliary fuels which cause excessive smoke (rubber tires, plastics, etc.); must not be performed if prohibited by local ordinances; must not cause a traffic hazard; must not take place where there is a High Fire Danger Alert declared by the Mississippi Forestry Commission or Emergency Air Pollution Episode Alert imposed by the Executive Director and must meet the following buffer zones.
  - (a) Open burning without a forced-draft air system must not occur within 500 yards of an occupied dwelling.
  - (b) Open burning utilizing a forced-draft air system on all fires to improve the combustion rate and reduce smoke may be done within 500 yards of but not within 50 yards of an occupied dwelling.
  - (c) Burning must not occur within 500 yards of commercial airport property, private airfields, or marked off-runway aircraft approach corridors unless written approval to conduct burning is secured from the proper airport authority, owner or operator.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.G.)

- 1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provision with respect to emergencies:
  - (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, an "emergency" means any situation arising

from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

- (b) An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in (c) following are met.
- (c) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
  - (1) an emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
  - (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
  - (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
  - (4) the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DEQ within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (d) In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (e) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein.

#### (Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.G.)

- 1.25 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, and shutdowns.
  - (a) Upsets (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
    - (1) For an upset, the Commission may pursue an enforcement action for noncompliance with an emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit. In determining whether to pursue enforcement action, and/or the appropriate enforcement action to take, the Commission may

consider whether the source has demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence the following:

- (i) An upset occurred and that the source can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
- (ii) The source was at the time being properly operated;
- (iii) During the upset the source took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit;
- (iv) That within 5 working days of the time the upset began, the source submitted a written report to the Department describing the upset, the steps taken to mitigate excess emissions or any other noncompliance, and the corrective actions taken and;
- (v) That as soon as practicable but no later than 24 hours of becoming aware of an upset that caused an immediate adverse impact to human health or the environment beyond the source boundary or caused a general nuisance to the public, the source provided notification to the Department.
- (2) In any enforcement proceeding by the Commission, the source seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
- (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (4) These upset provisions apply only to enforcement actions by the Commission and are not intended to prohibit EPA or third party enforcement actions.
- (b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
  - (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emission limitations apply during startups and shutdowns unless source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns are defined by an applicable rule, regulation, or permit.
  - (2) Where the source is unable to comply with existing emission limitations established under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and defined in this regulation, 11 Mississippi Administrative Code, Part 2, Chapter 1, the Department will consider establishing source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns. Source specific emission limitations or work practice standards established for startups and shutdowns are subject to the requirements prescribed in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.B(2)(a) through (e).

(3) Where an upset as defined in Rule 1.2 occurs during startup or shutdown, see the upset requirements above.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.)

1.26 The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted by reference in Regulation 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

(Ref.: 11 Miss Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.8.)

## SECTION 2. EMISSION POINTS & POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

Emission Point	Description				
AA-001	Nominal 1,700 MMBtu/hr natural gas-fired combustion turbine (GE Model PG7241FA) and a 265 MMBtu/hr duct burner, with a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG). The turbine is equipped with dry low NO <sub>x</sub> burners and the exhaust stream of the combined cycle system is controlled by selective catalytic reduction (SCR) for the control of NO <sub>x</sub> emissions.(Ref. Generating Unit 001).				
AA-002	Nominal 1,700 MMBtu/hr natural gas-fired combustion turbine (GE Model PG7241FA) and a 265 MMBtu/hr duct burner, with a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG). The turbine is equipped with dry low NO <sub>x</sub> burners and the exhaust stream of the combined cycle system is controlled by selective catalytic reduction (SCR) for the control of NO <sub>x</sub> emissions.(Ref. Generating Unit 002).				
AA-003	Nominal 1,700 MMBtu/hr natural gas-fired combustion turbine (GE Model PG7241FA) and a 265 MMBtu/hr duct burner, with a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG). The turbine is equipped with dry low NO <sub>x</sub> burners and the exhaust stream of the combined cycle system is controlled by selective catalytic reduction (SCR) for the control of NO <sub>x</sub> emissions.(Ref. Generating Unit 003).				
AA-004	20 MMBtu/hr natural gas-fired auxiliary boiler equipped with low NO <sub>x</sub> burners (Ref. Auxiliary Boiler AB-1).				
AA-005	8.4 MMBtu/hr (1,109 HP) diesel-fired backup emergency power generator (Caterpillar Model Yr. 2002).				
AA-006	2.0 MMBtu/hr (240 HP) diesel-fired emergency fire water pump engine (Model Yr. 2002).				
AA-013	0.322 MMBtu/hr diesel-fired emergency outfall generator (Cummins 4B3.9-G2/Model Yr. 2001).				

#### SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS & STANDARDS

#### A. Facility-Wide Emission Limitations & Standards

- 3.A.1 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in (a) & (b).
  - (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.
  - (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity, and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.)

3.A.2 Except as otherwise specified or limited herein, the permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in Condition 3.A.1. This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.)

## B. Emission Point Specific Emission Limitations & Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard	
AA-001 AA-002 AA-003	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	3.B.1	PM (filterable) PM <sub>10</sub> (filterable + condensable)	0.011 lbs/MMBTU, not to exceed 24 lbs/hr and 105 tons/year	
			$SO_2$	12 lbs/hr and 52.6 tons/year	
			NO <sub>x</sub>	3.5 ppm @ 15% oxygen on a dry basis (BACT Limit), not to exceed 24.1 lbs/hr and 105.6 tons/year	
			СО	17.4 ppm @ 15% oxygen on a dry basis (BACT Limit), not to exceed 61 lbs/hr and 267 tons/year	
			VOC	19.3 lbs/hr (BACT Limit) and 84.6 tons/year	
				Opacity	≤ 10% (BACT Limit)
			Fuel Restriction	Natural gas only	
	Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008	3.B.2	Startup, Shutdown, and Tuning	Startup events not to exceed 4.5 hours, shutdown events not to exceed 1.0 hour, and tuning sessions in accordance with condition requirements	
	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003 and Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July	3.B.3	Control Requirement	Operating requirements for SCR	
	22, 2008				
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(b).	3.B.4	PM (filterable only)	$E = 0.8808*I^{-0.1667}$	
	40 CFR 60, Subpart Da  Standards of Performance for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units  43 CFR 60.40Da(a) and (e)(1) and (2), Subpart Da	3.B.5	PM SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub>	Applicability	
AA-001	40 CFR 60.42Da(f)(1), Subpart Da	3.B.6	PM	Exemption from PM emission limits	

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-002 AA-003	40 CFR 60.43Da(b)(2), Subpart Da	3.B.7	SO <sub>2</sub>	Not to exceed 100 percent of the potential combustion concentration when emissions are ≤ 0.20 lb/MMBtu heat input
	40 CFR 60.44Da(d)(1), Subpart Da	3.B.8	NOx	≤ 1.6 lb/MWh gross energy output (30-boiler operating day rolling average)
	40 CFR 60, Subpart GG Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines 40 CFR 60.330, Subpart GG	3.B.9	NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub>	Applicability
	40 CFR 60.332(a)(1) and (b), Subpart GG	3.B.10	NOx	STD = 0.0075*(14.4/Y) + F
	40 CFR 60.333(b), Subpart GG	3.B.11	SO <sub>2</sub>	Fuel must contain less than 0.8% sulfur by weight
	40 CFR 72-78  Acid Rain Program Provisions  40 CFR 72.6, Subpart A	3.B.12	NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub>	Applicability
	40 CFR 97, Subpart EEEEE  Cross State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) NO <sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program  40 CFR 97.804, Subpart EEEEE	3.B.13	NOx	Applicability
AA-004	40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc  Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units  40 CFR 60.40c(a), Subpart Dc	3.B.14	SO <sub>2</sub> PM	Applicability
AA-004	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	3.B.15	Hours of Operation	≤ 3,000 hours per rolling 365-day period
	27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	3.B.16	Fuel Restriction	Natural gas only

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(b).	3.B.4	PM (filterable only)	$E = 0.8808*I^{-0.1667}$
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).	3.B.17	$SO_2$	4.8 lbs/MMBTU
AA-005 AA-006 AA-013	40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ  NESHAP for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines  40 CFR 63.6580, 63.6585(a) and (c), and 63.6590(a)(1)(iii), Subpart ZZZZ	3.B.18	НАР	Applicability
	40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1), (2), and (4), Subpart ZZZZ	3.B.19		Operating requirements
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).	3.B.20	PM (filterable only)	0.6 lbs/MMBTU

- 3.B.1 Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003 are limited to burning natural gas only and must comply with the following emission limits for each unit:
  - (a) Particulate Matter (PM) (filterable only) 0.011 lbs/MMBTU not to exceed 24 lbs/hr and 105 tons/year as determined by EPA Reference Methods 1-5, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.
  - (b)  $PM_{10}$  (filterable + condensable) -0.011 lbs/MMBTU not to exceed 24 lbs/hr and 105 tons/year as determined by EPA Reference Methods 201 or 201A in conjunction with Reference Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M.
  - (c) Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) 12 lbs/hr and 52.6 tons/year as determined by EPA Reference Method 6, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.
  - (d) Nitrogen Oxides  $(NO_x)$  3.5 ppm @ 15% oxygen on a dry basis, not to exceed 24.1 lbs/hr, both determined on a 3-hour rolling average, and 105.6 tons/year on a rolling 12-month total as determined by EPA Reference Method 7E and 3A, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.
  - (e) Carbon Monoxide (CO) 17.4 ppm @ 15% oxygen on a dry basis, not to exceed 61 lbs/hr, both determined on a 3-hour rolling average, and 267 tons/year on a rolling 12-month total as determined by EPA Reference Method 7E and 3A, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.
  - (f) Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) 19.3 lbs/hr and 84.6 tons/year as determined by EPA Test Method 25, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.
  - (g) Opacity  $\leq$  10% as determined by EPA Reference Method 9, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.

The  $NO_x$  and CO short term limits do not apply during startups, shutdowns, and tuning 12322 PER20190001

sessions; however, the emissions generated during these periods are included when determining compliance with the annual tons/year limits. All annual emission limits specified above are to be determined on a rolling 12-month period.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

3.B.2 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall comply with the short term emission limitations and monitoring requirements specified in this permit except during periods of startups, shutdowns, and tuning sessions. However, the permittee shall include emissions that occur during periods of startup, shutdown, and tuning when demonstrating compliance meet the tons/year emission limits.

A startup event shall not exceed a duration of 4.5 hours and a shutdown event shall not exceed a duration of 1.0 hour. Startup is defined as the period beginning immediately following initial firing of the gas turbine and ending 15 minutes after the turbine reaches Mode 6. Shutdown is defined as the period beginning when the combustion turbine leaves operational Mode 6 and ending when the flame is extinguished in the turbine.

Tuning sessions will normally occur because of required seasonal tuning, after a combustor change-out, after a major repair or maintenance to a combustor, or other similar maintenance circumstance. Tuning sessions are completed periodically to optimize combustion or emission reductions from the turbine. Tuning sessions must be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. During the tuning session, all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceed the limits of this permit shall be taken. The permittee shall submit notice of tuning events to the DEQ within five (5) working days of the time the tuning event began.

(Ref.: Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008)

- 3.B.3 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions using selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems. These systems shall be operated in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices to minimize emissions during startups, shutdowns, and tuning sessions, which include:
  - (a) Operation in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions or other written instructions developed and maintained by the permittee, which shall include at a minimum the following measures:
    - (i) Review of operating parameters of the units during startups, shutdowns, and tuning sessions as necessary to make adjustments to reduce or eliminate excess emissions.
    - (ii) Operation of the SCR system as soon as, and as long as the unit operating conditions are amenable to its effective use.
  - (b) Maintenance of the SCR systems in accordance with written procedures developed

and maintained by the permittee. These procedures shall be review at least annually.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003, and Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008)

3.B.4 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall not have particulate emissions that exceed the emission rate as determined by the relationship:

 $E = 0.8808*I^{-0.1667}$ 

Where E is the emission rate in pounds per million BTU per hour heat input and I is the heat input in millions of BTU per hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(b).)

3.B.5 The duct burners associated with Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, are subject to and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Standards of Performance for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Da and the General Provisions, 40 CFR 60, Subpart A. Only emissions resulting from the combustion of fuels in the duct burners are subject to the standards under Subpart Da.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.40Da(a) and (e)(1) and (2), Subpart Da)

3.B.6 The duct burners associated with Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003 are exempt from the PM emissions limits since the units are fired with natural gas, have potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rates of 0.060 lb/MMBtu or less, and do not use a post-combustion technology to reduce emissions of SO<sub>2</sub> or PM.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.42Da(f)(1), Subpart Da)

3.B.7 The duct burners associated with Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003 shall not emit any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 100 percent of the potential combustion concentration (zero percent reduction) when emissions are less than 0.20 lb/MMBtu heat input.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.43Da(b)(2), Subpart Da)

3.B.8 The duct burners associated with Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003 shall not emit any gases that contain  $NO_x$  in excess of 1.6 lb/MWh gross energy output as determined on a 30-boiler operating day rolling average basis.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.44Da(d)(1), Subpart Da)

3.B.9 Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003 are subject to and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines, 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG and the General Provisions, 40 CFR 60, Subpart A.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.330, Subpart GG)

3.B.10 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall meet the NO<sub>x</sub> emission limit established using the following equation:

STD = 0.0075\*(14.4/Y) + F

Where STD is the allowable  $NO_x$  emission concentration (percent by volume on a dry basis at 15 percent oxygen), Y is the manufacturer's rated heat rate at manufacturer's rated peak load (kilojoules per watt hour), or actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility (value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour), and F is the  $NO_x$  emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen as defined in 60.332(a)(4).

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.332(a)(1) and (b), Subpart GG)

3.B.11 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall not burn any fuel which contains total sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent by weight.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.333(b), Subpart GG)

3.B.12 Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003 are subject to the Acid Rain Program Requirements as specified in 40 CFR 72-78. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of said standards as specified in the Acid Rain Permit attached to this permit in Appendix C.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 72.6, Subpart A)

3.B.13 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee is subject to the applicable requirements of the Cross State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program, 40 CFR 97, Subpart EEEEE and shall comply with the applicable provisions in Section 9.0 of this permit.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 97.804, Subpart EEEEE)

3.B.14 Emission Point AA-004 is subject to and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc and the General Provisions, 40 CFR 60, Subpart A.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.40c(a), Subpart Dc)

3.B.15 Emission Point AA-004 is limited to 3,000 hours of operation per year as determined on a rolling 365-day total.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

12322 PER20190001

3.B.16 For Emission Point AA-004, the permittee is limited to burning natural gas only.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

3.B.17 For Emission Point AA-004, the maximum discharge of sulfur oxides shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

3.B.18 Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013 are subject to and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the National Emission Standards of Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE), 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ.

For purposes of this subpart, Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013 are considered existing, emergency, compression ignition stationary RICE at an area source of HAP emissions.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6580, 63.6585(a) and (c), and 63.6590(a)(1)(iii), Subpart ZZZZ)

- 3.B.19 Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013 shall be considered emergency stationary RICE under Subpart ZZZZ provided the engines only operate in an emergency, during maintenance and testing, and during non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year as described in (c) below. If the permittee does not operate an engine according to the requirements in (a)-(c) below, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under Subpart ZZZZ and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
  - (a) There is no limit on the use of an engine during an emergency situation.
  - (b) The permittee may operate an engine for maintenance checks and readiness testing for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year provided the tests are recommended by federal, state, or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or insurance company associated with an engine. The permittee may petition the DEQ for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating the federal, state, or local standards require maintenance testing of an engine beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
  - (c) Emergency engines may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing provided in paragraph (b). Except as provided in 63.6640(f)(4)(i) and (ii), the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1), (2), and (4), Subpart ZZZZ)

3.B.20 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)

#### C. Insignificant and Trivial Activity Emission Limitations & Standards

Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).	3.C.1	PM	0.6 lbs/MMBTU
11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).	3.C.2	SO <sub>2</sub>	4.8 lbs/MMBTU

3.C.1 The maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)

3.C.2 The maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned primarily to produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measured as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

#### D. Work Practice Standards

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/ Parameter	Limit/Standard
AA-005 AA-006 AA-013	40 CFR 63.6603(a) and Table 2d, Subpart ZZZZ	3.D.1	НАР	Maintenance requirements
	40 CFR 63.6605(a) and (b), Subpart ZZZZ	3.D.2		General compliance requirements
	40 CFR 63.6625(e)(3) and (h), 63.6640(a), and Table 6, Subpart ZZZZ	3.D.3		Operating requirements

- 3.D.1 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the permittee shall comply with the following requirements:
  - (a) Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, or perform an oil analysis at the same frequency in order to extend the oil change requirement in accordance with 40 CFR 63.6625(i).
  - (b) Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.
  - (c) Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.

If an engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practices according to the schedule in (a)-(c) above, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6603(a) and Table 2d, Subpart ZZZZ)

3.D.2 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the permittee shall, at all times, be in compliance with the applicable emission and operating limitations of Subpart ZZZZ and operate and maintain the engine, including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require the permittee to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by Subpart ZZZZ have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the DEQ which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6605(a) and (b), Subpart ZZZZ)

3.D.3 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the permittee shall operate and maintain the engines according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The permittee shall minimize each engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize each engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6625(e)(3) and (h), 63.6640(a), and Table 6, Subpart ZZZZ)

#### SECTION 4. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- 4.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be in compliance with all requirements contained herein upon issuance of this permit.
- 4.2 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit to the Permit Board and to the Administrator of EPA Region IV a certification of compliance with permit terms and conditions, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices, by January 31 for the preceding calendar year. Each compliance certification shall include the following:
  - (a) the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
  - (b) the compliance status;
  - (c) whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
  - (d) the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the applicable reporting period;
  - (e) such other facts as may be specified as pertinent in specific conditions elsewhere in this permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.C(5)(a), (c), & (d).)

# SECTION 5. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
- 5.A.1 The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate equipment and/or institute procedures as necessary to perform the monitoring and recordkeeping specified below.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

- 5.A.2 In addition to the recordkeeping specified below, the permittee shall include with all records of required monitoring information the following:
  - (a) the date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
  - (b) the date(s) analyses were performed;
  - (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses;
  - (d) the analytical techniques or methods used;
  - (e) the results of such analyses; and
  - (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(1).)

5.A.3 Except where a longer duration is specified in an applicable requirement, the permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(b)(2).)

5.A.4 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31 and January 31 for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.2.E.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)

5.A.5 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations,

and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) working days of the time the deviation began.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(2).)

5.A.6 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall perform emissions sampling and analysis in accordance with EPA Test Methods and with any continuous emission monitoring requirements, if applicable. All test methods shall be those versions, or their equivalents approved by the DEQ and the EPA.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

5.A.7 The permittee shall maintain records of any alterations, additions, or changes in equipment or operation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

#### B. Specific Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/ Parameter Monitored	Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement
AA-001 AA-002 AA-003	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003; 40 CFR 60.334(b), Subpart GG; 40 CFR 60.49Da(c)(2); and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).	5.B.1	NO <sub>x</sub> CO	Monitor emissions with CEMS to demonstrate compliance with emission limits
	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27,	5.B.2	NOx	CEMS
	2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	5.B.3	СО	
	40 CFR 75.57(a), Subpart F	5.B.4	NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub>	General recordkeeping
	Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008	5.B.5	Startups, Shutdowns, and Tuning	Monitoring and recordkeeping
	40 CFR 60.334(h), Subpart GG	5.B.6	Fuel Standards	Fuel monitoring
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).	5.B.7	Opacity	Visual observation/VEE
AA-004	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	5.B.8	Hours of Operation	Monitoring and recordkeeping
	40 CFR 60.48c(g), Subpart Dc	5.B.9	Fuel Usage	Monitoring and recordkeeping
AA-005 AA-006 AA-013	40 CFR 63.6625(f) and 63.6655(f)(2), Subpart ZZZZ	5.B.10	НАР	Install non-resettable hour meter and record hours of operation
AA-013	40 CFR 63.6655(a)(1), (2), and (5), and (e)(2), and 63.6660, Subpart ZZZZ	5.B.11		General recordkeeping

5.B.1 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the NO<sub>x</sub> and CO emission limits using a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). Demonstrating compliance with NO<sub>x</sub> and CO limits (ppm, lbs/hr, tpy) using CEMS data in lieu of EPA Reference Methods is an acceptable practice provided that the permittee meets the guidelines established in EPA's general guidance on "Alternative Testing and Monitoring Procedures for Combustion Turbines Regulated under New Source Performance Standards". This includes use of reference method test data collected during the Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATA) required under 40 CFR 75.

The permittee shall use information obtained per the DEQ approved data substitution procedures to demonstrate compliance with the annual  $NO_x$  and CO limits in the event

there is a malfunction with the CEMS.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003, 40 CFR 60.334(b), Subpart GG, 40 CFR 60.49Da(c)(2) and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3).)

5.B.2 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate continuous monitoring systems for NO<sub>x</sub> (as specified in 40 CFR 60.334, Appendix B, and 40 CFR 75). The monitoring systems must comply with all applicable requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.334, 60.13, and Appendix B and 40 CFR 75. In addition, the permittee shall comply with the reporting and recordkeeping requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.7 and 40 CFR 75. Per 40 CFR 60.334(b)(3)(iii), the permittee may use the NO<sub>x</sub> CEMS installed to meet the requirements of 40 CFR 75 to meet the requirements of 40 CFR 60.334, except that the missing data substitution methodology provided for at 40 CFR 75, Subpart D, is not required for purposes of identifying excess emissions. Instead, periods of missing CEMS data are to be reported as monitor downtime in the excess emissions and monitoring performance report required in 40 CFR 60.7(c).

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

5.B.3 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate continuous monitoring systems for CO (as specified in 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, and Appendix F). The permittee shall follow the specifications of 40 CFR Appendix B, Performance Specification 4A for the installation, calibration, maintenance, and operation of the CO CEMS. The permittee may install a dual-range analyzer with the high range setting equal to 1,000 ppm at a minimum. The cylinder gas/relative accuracy audits (CGA/RAA) shall be conducted according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, and Appendix F. However, the frequency of the audit shall be as specified in 40 CFR 75, Appendix B, Section 2.2. The RATA required under 40 CFR 60, Appendix F, shall be at the frequency specified in 40 CFR 75, Appendix B, Section 2.3.1 and is as follows:

A calendar quarter that does not qualify as a QA operating quarter shall be excluded in determining the deadline for the next RATA. No more than eight (8) successive calendar quarters shall elapse after the quarter in which a RATA was last performed without a subsequent RATA having been conducted. If the RATA has not been completed by the end of the eighth calendar quarter since the quarter of the last RATA, then the RATA must be completed within a 720 unit (or stack) operating hour grace period following the end of the eight successive elapsed quarter. For the diluent monitors, a RATA may be performed annually (i.e., once every four successive QA operating quarters, rather than once every two successive QA operating quarters).

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

5.B.4 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall monitor and keep records of emissions in accordance with 40 CFR 75. The permittee shall maintain a file on

site of all measurements, data, reports, and other required information for each affected unit for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of each record.

(<u>Ref.: 40 CFR 75.57(a)</u>, <u>Subpart F</u>)

- 5.B.5 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall record the hours of operation on a daily basis. The permittee shall monitor and keep a record of all startups, shutdowns, and tuning sessions associated with the combustion turbines, duct burners, and SCR systems. These records shall include the following for each event:
  - (a) Date,
  - (b) Beginning time,
  - (c) End time, and
  - (d) A description of any deviations from manufacturer's or permittee's written instructions or any permit limits that contribute to excessive emissions.

In addition to the above records, the permittee shall also record the purpose for each tuning session, the actual emissions that occur during the tuning session, and confirmation that good air pollution practices were utilized during this period.

(Ref.: Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008)

5.B.6 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee may elect not to monitor the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel combusted in the turbine as long as it meets the definition of natural gas found in 40 CFR 60.331(u). The permittee may demonstrate the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel is 20.0 grains/100 scf by using a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet, or transportation contract specifying what the gas quality characteristics are or may use representative fuel sampling data. If the permittee chooses to use fuel sampling data, the amount of data specified in 2.3.1.4 or 2.3.2.4 of Appendix D of 40 CFR 75 is required.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.334(h), Subpart GG)

5.B.7 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance annually with the opacity limit by conducting a Visual Determination using EPA Reference Method 22 from 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. If visible emissions are observed during the annual Method 22 evaluation, the permittee shall conduct a Visible Emissions Evaluation (VEE) per EPA Reference Method 9 from 40 CFR 60, Appendix A within seven (7) days of the Method 22 evaluation to demonstrate compliance with the 10% opacity limit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(a)(2).)

5.B.8 For Emission Point AA-004, the permittee shall monitor and keep records of the hours of operation on a daily basis and on a rolling 365-day total.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

5.B.9 For Emission Point AA-004, the permittee shall monitor and keep records of the amount of fuel combusted each day.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.48c(g), Subpart Dc)

5.B.10 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter on each engine (if not already installed). The permittee shall keep records of the hours of operation of each engine that are recorded through the hour meters. The permittee shall document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency, and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6625(f) and 63.6655(f)(2), Subpart ZZZZ)

- 5.B.11 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the permittee shall keep the following records:
  - (a) A copy of each notification and report submitted to comply with Subpart ZZZZ.
  - (b) Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of an engine or hour meter.
  - (c) Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions, including corrective actions to restore a malfunctioning engine or hour meter to its normal manner of operation.
  - (d) Records of the maintenance conducted on each engine in order to demonstrate the engines were operated and maintained in accordance to the maintenance plan.

All records shall be in a form suitable and ready for expeditious review for a period of five (5) years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. These records may be kept in an electronic or hard copy format.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 63.6655(a)(1), (2), and (5) and (e)(2) and 63.6660, Subpart ZZZZ)

#### C. Specific Reporting Requirements

Emission Point(s)	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number	Pollutant/ Parameter Monitored	Reporting Requirement
AA-001 AA-002 AA-003	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	5.C.1	NO <sub>x</sub> CO Opacity	Semi-annual emissions report
		5.C.2	NO <sub>x</sub> CO	Semi-annual excess emissions report
	Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008	5.C.3	Startups, Shutdowns, and Tuning	Semi-annual deviation reports
		5.C.4	VOC	Stack test protocol, notice, and test results
AA-004	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.C.5	Hours of Operation and Fuel Usage	Semi-annual report
AA-005 AA-006 AA-013	PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003	5.C.6	Hours of Operation	Semiannual report
	40 CFR 63.6640(b), 63.6650(f), and Footnote 2 to Table 2d, Subpart ZZZZ			
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).			

5.C.1 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall submit semi-annual reports in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 summarizing the NO<sub>x</sub> and CO emissions in tons/year based on a rolling 365-day total. The semiannual report shall also include the results of any visual observations that were completed during the reporting period.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

5.C.2 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall submit semi-annual reports in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 which identify any excess emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> or CO (lbs/hr or ppm) or monitor downtime that occurred during the reporting period.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003)

5.C.3 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall submit semiannual reports in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 that identify any deviations in the duration of startups or shutdowns that occurred during the reporting period. In the event a tuning session occurred during the reporting period, the report shall also include the purpose of each tuning session, the duration, and the actual emissions that occurred during the tuning session.

(Ref.: Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008)

- 5.C.4 For Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003, the permittee shall submit the following information for each required stack test:
  - (a) A written test protocol at least thirty (30) days prior to the intended test date to ensure that all test methods and procedures are acceptable.
  - (b) A notification to the DEQ in writing at least ten (10) days prior to the intended test date so that an observer may be afforded the opportunity to witness the test.
  - (c) The results from the stack test within sixty (60) days of the date of the test.

(Ref.: Title V Operating Permit issued July 25, 2005, and modified July 22, 2008)

5.C.5 For Emission Point AA-004, the permittee shall submit semi-annual reports in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 containing a summary of the hours of operation on a rolling 365-day total and a summary of the amount of fuel fired in the unit during the reporting period.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

5.C.6 For Emission Points AA-005, AA-006, and AA-013, the permittee shall submit semi-annual reports in accordance with Condition 5.A.4 summarizing the hours of operation of each unit in the calendar year. This report shall include what hours were for emergency use and what constituted the emergency and what hours were for non-emergency use.

This report shall also include all deviations from any emission or operating limitation of Subpart ZZZZ. Such deviations shall include any failure to perform the work practice on the required schedule. In the event a work practice is delayed because the engine is operating during an emergency or if performing the work practice on the required work schedule posed an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the permittee shall include in the report the reason for the delay.

(Ref.: PSD Construction Permit issued March 27, 2001, and modified July 27, 2001, and October 10, 2003, 40 CFR 64.6640(b), 63.6650(f), and Footnote 2 to Table 2d, Subpart ZZZZ, and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 6.3.A(3)(c)(1).)

## SECTION 6. ALTERNATIVE OPERATING SCENARIOS

None permitted.

#### SECTION 7. TITLE VI REQUIREMENTS

The following are applicable or potentially applicable requirements originating from Title VI of the Clean Air Act – Stratospheric Ozone Protection. The full text of the referenced regulations may be found on-line at <a href="http://www.ecfr.gov/">http://www.ecfr.gov/</a> under Title 40, or DEQ shall provide a copy upon request from the permittee.

- 7.1 If the permittee produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A Production and Consumption Controls.
- 7.2 If the permittee performs service on a motor vehicle for consideration when this service involves the refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners.
- 7.3 The permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E

   The Labeling of Products Using Ozone-Depleting Substances, for the following containers and products:
  - (a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported;
  - (b) All products containing a class I substance; and
  - (c) All products directly manufactured with a process that uses a class I substance, unless otherwise exempted by this subpart or, unless EPA determines for a particular product that there are no substitute products or manufacturing processes for such product that do not rely on the use of a class I substance, that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, and that are currently or potentially available. If the EPA makes such a determination for a particular product, then the requirements of this subpart are effective for such product no later than January 1, 2015.
- 7.4 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F Recycling and Emissions Reduction:
  - (a) Servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances;
  - (b) Disposing of appliances, including small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners; or
  - (c) Refrigerant reclaimers, technician certifying programs, appliance owners and operators, manufacturers of appliances, manufacturers of recycling and recovery equipment, approved recycling and recovery equipment testing organizations, as well as persons selling, offering for sale, and/or purchasing class I, class II, or non-exempt substitute refrigerants.

- 7.5 The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any acceptable alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. The permittee shall also comply with any use conditions for the acceptable alternative substance.
- 7.6 If the permittee performs any of the following activities, the permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart H Halon Emissions Reduction:
  - (a) Any person testing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or disposing of equipment that contains halons or using such equipment during technician training;
  - (b) Any person disposing of halons;
  - (c) Manufacturers of halon blends; or
  - (d) Organizations that employ technicians who service halon-containing equipment.

# SECTION 8. ACID RAIN REQUIREMENTS

The permittee shall comply with all requirements of the Phase II Acid Rain Permit attached as Appendix C of this permit. All conditions of the Phase II Acid Rain Permit are effective for the dates specified in the Acid Rain Permit; however, these conditions may be revised by the DEQ during the permitted period.

### SECTION 9. CROSS STATE AIR POLLUTION RULE REQUIREMENTS

9.1 Description of Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) Monitoring Provisions

The CSAPR subject units and the unit-specific monitoring provisions at this source are identified in the following Table. These units are subject to the requirements for the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program.

Unit ID: Emission Points AA-001, AA-002, and AA-003							
Parameter	Continuous emission monitoring system or systems (CEMS) requirements pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, subpart B (for SO2 monitoring) and 40 CFR part 75, subpart H (for NOX monitoring)	Excepted monitoring system requirements for gas- and oil- fired units pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, appendix D	Excepted monitoring system requirements for gas- and oil- fired peaking units pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, appendix E	Low Mass Emissions excepted monitoring (LME) requirements for gas- and oil-fired units pursuant to 40 CFR 75.19	EPA-approved alternative monitoring system requirements pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, subpart E		
$SO_2$		X					
$NO_X$	X						
Heat Input		X					

- 9.2 The above description of the monitoring used by a unit does not change, create an exemption from, or otherwise affect the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements applicable to the unit under 40 CFR 97.830 through 97.835. The monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements applicable to each unit are included below in the standard conditions for the applicable CSAPR trading programs.
- 9.3 The permittee must submit to the Administrator a monitoring plan for each unit in accordance with 40 CFR 75.53, 75.62 and 75.73, as applicable. The monitoring plan for each unit is available at the EPA's website at <a href="https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/monitoring-plans-part-75-sources">https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/monitoring-plans-part-75-sources</a>.
- 9.4 The permittee that wants to use an alternative monitoring system must submit to the Administrator a petition requesting approval of the alternative monitoring system in accordance with 40 CFR part 75, subpart E and 40 CFR 75.66 and 97.835. The Administrator's response approving or disapproving any petition for an alternative monitoring system is available on the EPA's website at <a href="https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses">https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses</a>.
- 9.5 The permittee that wants to use an alternative to any monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting

requirement under 40 CFR 97.830 through 97.834 must submit to the Administrator a petition requesting approval of the alternative in accordance with 40 CFR 75.66 and 97.835. The Administrator's response approving or disapproving any petition for an alternative to a monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirement is available on EPA website at <a href="https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses">https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses</a>.

- 9.6 The descriptions of monitoring applicable to the unit included above meet the requirement of 40 CFR 97.830 through 97.834, and therefore minor permit modification procedures, in accordance with 40 CFR 70.7(e)(2)(i)(B) or 71.7(e)(1)(i)(B), may be used to add to or change this unit's monitoring system description.
- 9.7 CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program Requirements (40 CFR 97.806)
  - (a) Designated representative requirements The permittee shall comply with the requirement to have a designated representative, and may have an alternate designated representative, in accordance with 40 CFR 97.813 through 97.818.
  - (b) Emissions monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements.
    - (1) The permittee, and the designated representative, of each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 97.830 (general requirements, including installation, certification, and data accounting, compliance deadlines, reporting data, prohibitions, and long-term cold storage), 97.831 (initial monitoring system certification and recertification procedures), 97.832 (monitoring system out-of-control periods), 97.833 (notifications concerning monitoring), 97.834 (recordkeeping and reporting, including monitoring plans, certification applications, quarterly reports, and compliance certification), and 97.835 (petitions for alternatives to monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirements).
    - (2) The emissions data determined in accordance with 40 CFR 97.830 through 97.835 shall be used to calculate allocations of CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances under 40 CFR 97.811(a)(2) and (b) and 97.812 and to determine compliance with the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 emissions limitation and assurance provisions under paragraph (c) below, provided that, for each monitoring location from which mass emissions are reported, the mass emissions amount used in calculating such allocations and determining such compliance shall be the mass emissions amount for the monitoring location determined in accordance with 40 CFR 97.830 through 97.835 and rounded to the nearest ton, with any fraction of a ton less than 0.50 being deemed to be zero.
  - (c) NO<sub>x</sub> emissions requirements.
    - (1) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 emissions limitation.

- (i) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period in a given year, the owners and operators of each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances available for deduction for such control period under 40 CFR 97.824(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions for such control period from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at the source.
- (ii) If total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during a control period in a given year from the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source are in excess of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 emissions limitation set forth in paragraph (c)(1)(i) above, then:
  - (A) The owners and operators of the source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall hold the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR 97.824(d); and
  - (B) The owners and operators of the source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act, and each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE and the Clean Air Act.
- (2) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 assurance provisions.
  - If total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during a control period in a given year from all (i) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state (and Indian country within the borders of such state) exceed the state assurance level, then the owners and operators of such sources and units in each group of one or more sources and units having a common designated representative for such control period, where the common designated representative's share of such NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during such control period exceeds the common designated representative's assurance level for the state and such control period, shall hold (in the assurance account established for the owners and operators of such group) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances available for deduction for such control period under 40 CFR 97.825(a) in an amount equal to two times the product (rounded to the nearest whole number), as determined by the Administrator in accordance with 40 CFR 97.825(b), of multiplying—
    - (A) The quotient of the amount by which the common designated representative's share of such NO<sub>x</sub> emissions exceeds the common

designated representative's assurance level divided by the sum of the amounts, determined for all common designated representatives for such sources and units in the state (and Indian country within the borders of such state) for such control period, by which each common designated representative's share of such NO<sub>x</sub> emissions exceeds the respective common designated representative's assurance level; and

- (B) The amount by which total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state and Indian country within the borders of such state) for such control period exceed the state assurance level.
- (ii) The permittee shall hold the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances required under paragraph (c)(2)(i) above, as of midnight of November 1 (if it is a business day), or midnight of the first business day thereafter (if November 1 is not a business day), immediately after such control period.
- (iii) Total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state (and Indian country within the borders of such state) during a control period in a given year exceed the state assurance level if such total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions exceed the sum, for such control period, of the State NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 trading budget under 40 CFR 97.810(a) and the state's variability limit under 40 CFR 97.810(b).
- (iv) It shall not be a violation of 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE or of the Clean Air Act if total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state (and Indian country within the borders of such state) during a control period exceed the state assurance level or if a common designated representative's share of total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state (and Indian country within the borders of such state) during a control period exceeds the common designated representative's assurance level.
- (v) To the extent the permittee fails to hold CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances for a control period in a given year in accordance with paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (iii) above,
  - (A) The permittee shall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed under the Clean Air Act; and
  - (B) Each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance that the permittee fails to hold for such control period in accordance with

paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (iii) above and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE and the Clean Air Act.

### (3) Compliance periods.

- (i) A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) above for the control period starting on the later of May 1, 2017, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR 97.830(b) and for each control period thereafter.
- (ii) A base CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (c)(2) above for the control period starting on the later of May 1, 2017 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR 97.830(b) and for each control period thereafter.
- (4) Vintage of allowances held for compliance.
  - (i) A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance held for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (c)(1)(i) above for a control period in a given year must be a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance that was allocated for such control period or a control period in a prior year.
  - (ii) A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance held for compliance with the requirements under paragraphs (c)(1)(ii)(A) and (2)(i) through (iii) above for a control period in a given year must be a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance that was allocated for a control period in a prior year or the control period in the given year or in the immediately following year.
- (5) Allowance Management System requirements. Each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into, out of, or between Allowance Management System accounts in accordance with 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE.
- (6) Limited authorization. A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO<sub>x</sub> during the control period in one year. Such authorization is limited in its use and duration as follows:
  - (i) Such authorization shall only be used in accordance with the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program; and
  - (ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE,

the Administrator has the authority to terminate or limit the use and duration of such authorization to the extent the Administrator determines is necessary or appropriate to implement any provision of the Clean Air Act.

- (7) Property right. A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (d) Title V permit revision requirements.
  - (1) No Title V permit revision shall be required for any allocation, holding, deduction, or transfer of CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances in accordance with 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE.
  - (2) This permit incorporates the CSAPR emissions monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 97.830 through 97.835, and the requirements for a continuous emission monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, subparts B and H), an excepted monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, appendices D and E), a low mass emissions excepted monitoring methodology (pursuant to 40 CFR 75.19), and an alternative monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR part 75, subpart E). Therefore, the Description of CSAPR Monitoring Provisions table for units identified in this permit may be added to, or changed, in this Title V permit using once permit modification procedures in accordance with 40 CFR 97.806(d)(2) and 70.7(e)(2)(i)(B) or 71.7(e)(1)(i)(B).
- (e) Additional recordkeeping and reporting requirements.
  - (1) Unless otherwise provided, the permittee of each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents (in hardcopy or electronic format) for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator.
    - (i) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR 97.816 for the designated representative for the source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such certificate of representation and documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under 40 CFR 97.816 changing the designated representative.
    - (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR part 97, subpart EEEEE.

- (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under, or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of, the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program.
- (2) The designated representative of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall make all submissions required under the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program, except as provided in 40 CFR 97.818. This requirement does not change, create an exemption from, or otherwise affect the responsible official submission requirements under a Title V Operating Permit program in 40 CFR parts 70 and 71.

### (f) Liability.

- (1) Any provision of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program that applies to a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source or the designated representative of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source shall also apply to the permittee of such source and of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at the source.
- (2) Any provision of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program that applies to a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit or the designated representative of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit shall also apply to the permittee of such unit.
- (g) Effect on other authorities No provision of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program or exemption under 40 CFR 97.805 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the permittee, and the designated representative, of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source or CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved state implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.
- (h) Effect on units in Indian country. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (g) above, paragraphs (a) through (g) shall be deemed not to impose any requirements on any source or unit, or any owner, operator, or designated representative with regards to any source or unit, in Indian country within the borders of the state.

### APPENDIX A

### List of Abbreviations Used In this Permit

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1. Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and

Control of Air Contaminants

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 2. Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air

**Emissions Equipment** 

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 3. Regulations for the Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 4. Ambient Air Quality Standards

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. Regulations for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air

Quality

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6. Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of

Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act

11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 7. Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of

the Federal Clean Air Act

BACT Best Available Control Technology
CEM Continuous Emission Monitor

CEMS Continuous Emission Monitoring System

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon Monoxide

COM Continuous Opacity Monitor

COMS Continuous Opacity Monitoring System

DEQ Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

gr/dscf Grains Per Dry Standard Cubic Foot

HP Horsepower

HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant lbs/hr Pounds per Hour

M or K Thousand

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology

MM Million

MMBTUH Million British Thermal Units per Hour

NA Not Applicable

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NESHAP National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40

CFR 61 or National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air

Pollutants for Source Categories, 40 CFR 63

NMVOC Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds

NO<sub>x</sub> Nitrogen Oxides

NSPS New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR 60

O&M Operation and Maintenance

PM Particulate Matter

 $PM_{10}$  Particulate Matter less than 10 µm in diameter

ppm Parts per Million

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration, 40 CFR 52

SIP State Implementation Plan

SO<sub>2</sub> Sulfur Dioxide
TPY Tons per Year
TRS Total Reduced Sulfur

VEE Visible Emissions Evaluation
VHAP Volatile Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC Volatile Organic Compound

### **APPENDIX B**

## **List of Regulations Referenced In this Permit**

- 11 Miss. Admin. Code, Part 2, Ch. 1. Air Emission Regulations for the Prevention, Abatement, and Control of Air Contaminants (Amended November 10, 2016)
- 11 Miss. Admin. Code, Part 2, Ch. 2. Permit Regulations for the Construction and/or Operation of Air Emissions Equipment (Amended July 28, 2005)
- 11 Miss. Admin. Code, Part 2, Ch. 6. Air Emission Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act (Amended June 28, 2012)
- 40 CFR 82, Protection of Stratospheric Ozone
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart Da, Standards of Performance for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc, Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines
- 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, NESHAP for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines
- 40 CFR 72-78, Acid Rain Program General Provisions
- 40 CFR 97, Subpart EEEEE, Cross State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program

# **APPENDIX C**

# **Phase II Acid Rain Permit**

# PHASE II ACID RAIN PERMIT

Issued to: TVA Caledonia Combined Cycle Plant

Operated by: Tennessee Valley Authority

ORIS Code: 55197

Effective: April 21, 2020 to March 31, 2025

#### **Summary of Previous Actions:**

(1)	Draft permit for public and EPA comment	November 3, 2000
(2)	Permit finalized and issued	April 6, 2001
(3)	Draft permit for public and EPA comment	June 1, 2005
(4)	Permit finalized and issued	July 25, 2005
(5)	Permit Modification/Transfer	July 22, 2008
(6)	Draft permit for public and EPA comment	March 27, 2015
(7)	Permit finalized and issued	May 15, 2015

### **Present Action:**

(1)	Draft TV and Phase II Acid Rain Permits for public and EPA comment	March 3, 2020	
(2)	Permit finalized and issued	April 21, 2020	

Krystal Rudolph Signature

Krystal Rudolph, P.E.

Chief, Environmental Permits Division

Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality

P.O. Box 2261

Jackson, MS 39225-2261

Telephone (601) 961-5171

Fax (601) 961-5742

April 21, 2020

Date

# PHASE II ACID RAIN PERMIT

Issued to: TVA Caledonia Combined Cycle Plant

Operated by: Tennessee Valley Authority

ORIS Code: 55197

Effective: April 21, 2020 to March 31, 2025

### **ACID RAIN PERMIT CONTENTS:**

1) Statement of Basis.

- 2) SO<sub>2</sub> allowances allocated under this permit and NO<sub>x</sub> requirements for each affected unit.
- 3) Comments, notes, and justifications regarding permit decisions and changes made to the permit application forms during the review process, and any additional requirements or conditions.
- 4) The permit application submitted for this source. The owners and operators of the sources must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application.

#### 1) STATEMENT OF BASIS:

Statutory and Regulatory Authorities: In accordance with the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law, specifically Miss. Code Ann. §§ 49-17-1 through 49-17-43, and any subsequent amendments, and Titles IV and V of the Clean Air Act, the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality issues this permit pursuant to the State of Mississippi Air Emissions Operating Permit Regulations for the Purposes of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act, 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 6, and the State of Mississippi Acid Rain Program Permit Regulations for Purposes of Title IV of the Federal Clean Air Act, 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 7.

# 2) <u>SO<sub>2</sub> ALLOWANCE ALLOCATIONS AND NO<sub>X</sub> REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH AFFECTED UNIT:</u>

		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
AA-001 AA-002 AA-003	SO <sub>2</sub> allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR Part 73.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	NO <sub>x</sub> limit	NA					

#### 3) <u>COMMENTS, NOTES AND JUSTIFICATIONS:</u>

All affected units are natural gas fired units; therefore, the affected units are not subject to the  $NO_x$  requirements outlined in 40 CFR Part 76. Additionally, these are new units that were not listed in 40 CFR 73, Tables 2, 3, or 4, and have not been allocated any  $SO_2$  allowances.

### 4) PHASE II PERMIT APPLICATION:

Attached