

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL
PERMIT
AND PREVENTION OF SIGNIFICANT
DETERIORATION (PSD) AUTHORITY**

TO CONSTRUCT AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

MZX Tech LLC
2875 Stanton Road
Southaven,
Desoto, Mississippi

has been granted permission to construct air emissions equipment to comply with the emission limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et. seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder and under authority granted by the Environmental Protection Agency under 40 CFR 52.01 and 52.21.

MISSISSIPPI ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY PERMIT BOARD

**AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**

Issued: _____

Permit No.: 0680-00119

12592 PER20250001

Draft/Proposed - **January 15, 2026**

SECTION 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 This permit is for air pollution control purposes only.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.D.)
- 1.2 Any activities not identified in the application are not authorized by this permit.
(Ref.: Miss. Code Ann. 49-17-29(1)(b))
- 1.3 The knowing submittal of a permit application with false information may serve as the basis for the Permit Board to void the permit issued pursuant thereto or subject the applicant to penalties for operating without a valid permit pursuant to State Law.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(5).)
- 1.4 It is the responsibility of the applicant/permittee to obtain all other approvals, permits, clearances, easements, agreements, etc., which may be required including, but not limited to, all required local government zoning approvals or permits.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.D(6).)
- 1.5 The issuance of a permit does not release the permittee from liability for constructing or operating air emissions equipment in violation of any applicable statute, rule, or regulation of state or federal environmental authorities.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(7).)
- 1.6 It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit, unless halting or reducing activity would create an imminent and substantial endangerment threatening the public health and safety of the lives and property of the people of this state.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(15)(a).)
- 1.7 The permit and/or any part thereof may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. Sufficient cause for a permit to be reopened shall exist when an air emissions stationary source becomes subject to Title V. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(15)(b).)
- 1.8 The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(15)(c).)
- 1.9 The permittee shall furnish to the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) within a reasonable time any information the DEQ may request in writing to determine whether

cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the DEQ along with a claim of confidentiality. The permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(15)(d).)

- 1.10 *Design and Construction Requirements:* The stationary source shall be designed and constructed so as to operate without causing a violation of any Applicable Rules and Regulations, without interfering with the attainment and maintenance of State and National Ambient Air Quality Standards, and such that the emission of air toxics does not result in an ambient concentration sufficient to adversely affect human health and well-being or unreasonably and adversely affect plant or animal life beyond the stationary source boundaries.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.A(1)-(3).)

- 1.11 The necessary facilities shall be constructed to prevent any wastes or other products or substances to be placed in a location where they are likely to cause pollution of the air or waters of the State without the proper environmental permits.

(Ref.: Miss. Code Ann. 49-17-29(1) and (2))

- 1.12 *Fugitive Dust Emissions from Construction Activities:* The construction of the stationary source shall be performed in such a manner so as to reduce fugitive dust emissions from construction activities to a minimum.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.A(4).)

- 1.13 *General Nuisances:* The permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of particles or any contaminants in sufficient amounts or of such duration from any process as to be injurious to humans, animals, plants, or property, or to be a public nuisance, or create a condition of air pollution.

(a) The permittee shall not cause or permit the handling, transporting, or storage of any material in a manner which allows or may allow unnecessary amounts of particulate matter to become airborne.

(b) When dust, fumes, gases, mist, odorous matter, vapors, or any combination thereof escape from a building or equipment in such a manner and amount as to cause a nuisance to property other than that from which it originated or to violate any other provision of 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 1, the Commission may order such corrected in a way that all air and gases or air and gasborne material leaving the building or equipment are controlled or removed prior to discharge to the open air.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.C.)

1.14 *Right of Entry:* The permittee shall allow the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality, Office of Pollution Control and the Mississippi Environmental Quality Permit Board and/or their representatives, upon presentation of credentials:

- (a) To enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where an air emission source is located or in which any records are required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; and
- (b) To have access to and copy any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; to inspect any monitoring equipment or monitoring method required in this permit; and to sample any air contaminants or waste waters, fuel, process material, or other material which affects or may affect emission of air contaminants from any source.

(Ref.: Miss. Code Ann. 49-17-21)

1.15 *Permit Modification or Revocation:* After notice and opportunity for a hearing, the Permit Board may modify the permit or revoke it in whole or in part for good cause shown including, but not limited to, the following:

- (a) Persistent violation of any of the terms or conditions of this permit;
- (b) Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
- (c) A change in federal, state, or local laws or regulations that require either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of previously authorized air emission.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.C.)

1.16 *Public Record and Confidential Information:* Except for information determined to be confidential under the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law, all information obtained in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality, Office of Pollution Control.

(Ref.: Miss. Code Ann. 49-17-39)

1.17 *Permit Transfer:* This permit shall not be transferred except upon approval of the Permit Board.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.16.B.)

1.18 *Severability:* The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstances, is challenged or held invalid, the validity of the remaining permit provisions and/or portions thereof or their application to other persons or sets of circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.D(7).)

- 1.19 *Permit Expiration:* The permit to construct will expire if construction does not begin within eighteen (18) months from the date of issuance, if construction is suspended for eighteen (18) months or more, or if construction is not completed within a reasonable time. The DEQ may extend the 18-month period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.C(1)., R. 2.5.C(4)., and R. 5.2.)
- 1.20 *Certification of Construction:* A new stationary source issued a Permit to Construct cannot begin operation until certification of construction by the permittee.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(3).)
- 1.21 *Beginning Operation:* After certification of construction by the permittee, the Permit to Construct shall be deemed to satisfy the requirement for a permit to operate until the date the application for issuance or modification of the Title V Permit or the application for issuance or modification of the State Permit to Operate, whichever is applicable, is due. This provision is not applicable to a source excluded from the requirement for a permit to operate as provided by 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.13.G.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(4).)
- 1.22 *Application for a Permit to Operate:* The application for issuance or modification of the State Permit to Operate or the Title V Permit, whichever is applicable, is due twelve (12) months after beginning operation or such earlier date or time as specified in the Permit to Construct. The Permit Board may specify an earlier date or time for submittal of the application. Beginning operation will be assumed to occur upon certification of construction, unless the permittee specifies differently in writing.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(5).)
- 1.23 *Operating Under a Permit to Construct:* Upon submittal of a timely and complete application for issuance or modification of a State Permit to Operate or a Title V Permit, whichever is applicable, the applicant may continue to operate under the terms and conditions of the Permit to Construct and in compliance with the submitted application until the Permit Board issues, modifies, or denies the Permit to Operate.
(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(6).)
- 1.24 Except as otherwise specified herein, the permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to upsets, startups, and shutdowns.
- (a) Upsets (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
- (1) For an upset, the Commission may pursue an enforcement action for noncompliance with an emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit. In determining whether to pursue enforcement action, and/or the appropriate enforcement action to take, the Commission may consider whether the source has demonstrated through

properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence the following:

- (i) An upset occurred and that the source can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - (i) The source was at the time being properly operated;
 - (ii) During the upset the source took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standard or other requirement of an applicable rule, regulation, or permit;
 - (iii) That within five (5) working days of the time the upset began, the source submitted a written report to the Department describing the upset, the steps taken to mitigate excess emissions or any other noncompliance, and the corrective actions taken and;
 - (iv) That as soon as practicable but no later than 24 hours of becoming aware of an upset that caused an immediate adverse impact to human health or the environment beyond the source boundary or caused a general nuisance to the public, the source provided notification to the Department.
 - (2) In any enforcement proceeding by the Commission, the source seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
 - (3) This provision is in addition to any upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
 - (4) These upset provisions apply only to enforcement actions by the Commission and are not intended to prohibit EPA or third party enforcement actions.
- (b) Startups and Shutdowns (as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2.)
- (1) Startups and shutdowns are part of normal source operation. Emission limitations apply during startups and shutdowns unless source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns are defined by an applicable rule, regulation, or permit.
 - (2) Where the source is unable to comply with existing emission limitations established under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) and defined in 11 Mississippi Administrative Code, Part 2, Chapter 1, the Department will consider establishing source specific emission limitations or work practice standards for startups and shutdowns. Source specific emission limitations or work practice standards established for startups and shutdowns are subject to the requirements prescribed in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.B(2)(a) through (e).

- (3) Where an upset, as defined in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.2., occurs during startup or shutdown, see the upset requirements above.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.10.)

- 1.25 *General Duty:* All air emission equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to minimize emissions of air contaminants.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).)

- 1.26 *Compliance Testing:* Regarding compliance testing:

- (a) The results of any emissions sampling and analysis shall be expressed both in units consistent with the standards set forth in any Applicable Rules and Regulations or this permit and in units of mass per time.
- (b) Compliance testing will be performed at the expense of the permittee.
- (c) Each emission sampling and analysis report shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - (1) detailed description of testing procedures;
 - (2) sample calculation(s);
 - (3) results; and
 - (4) comparison of results to all Applicable Rules and Regulations and to emission limitations in the permit.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.6.B(3), (4), and (6).)

SECTION 2. EMISSION POINT DESCRIPTION

The permittee is authorized to construct and/or modify and operate, upon certification of construction, air emissions equipment, as described in the following table.

Emission Point	Facility Ref. ID	Description
AA-000	TUR-1 through TUR-17	Seventeen 22,100 Horsepower (HP) (16.5 Megawatt (MW)) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbines, each equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-001	TUR-1	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-002	TUR-2	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-003	TUR-3	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-004	TUR-4	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-005	TUR-5	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-006	TUR-6	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-007	TUR-7	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-008	TUR-8	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-009	TUR-9	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-010	TUR-10	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-011	TUR-11	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-012	TUR-12	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-013	TUR-13	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-014	TUR-14	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-015	TUR-15	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-016	TUR-16	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AA-017	TUR-17	22,100 HP (16.48 MW) (185.15 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model PGM-130 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst

AB-000	TUR-18 through TUR-33	Sixteen 56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbines, each equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-001	TUR-18	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-002	TUR-19	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-003	TUR-20	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-004	TUR-21	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-005	TUR-22	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-006	TUR-23	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-007	TUR-24	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-008	TUR-25	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-009	TUR-26	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-010	TUR-27	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-011	TUR-28	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-012	TUR-29	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-013	TUR-30	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-014	TUR-31	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-015	TUR-32	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AB-016	TUR-33	56,312 HP (35 MW) (388.52 MMBtu/hr) Solar Titan Model 350 Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-000	TUR-34 through TUR-41	Eight 67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbines, each equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-001	TUR-34	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-002	TUR-35	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-003	TUR-36	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst

AC-004	TUR-37	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-005	TUR-38	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-006	TUR-39	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-007	TUR-40	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AC-008	TUR-41	67,538 HP (50 MW) (475.66 MMBtu/hr) ProEnergy Model 6000PE Natural Gas-Fired Simple Cycle Combustion Turbine equipped with SCR and oxidation catalyst
AE-000		Collection of natural gas fugitive emissions
AF-000		Collection of ammonia fugitive emissions
AG-000	PRS 1-10	Ten 10 MMBtu/hr each Natural Gas-Fired PLUM Model T6500 Pressure Reduction Systems (PRS) equipped with Low NOx burners. Each PRS contains two 5 MMBtu/hr burners.

SECTION 3. EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND STANDARDS

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant / Parameter	Limitation/Standard
Facility-Wide	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.	3.1	Opacity	≤ 40%
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.	3.2	Opacity	≤ 40%
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).	3.3	HAPs	≤ 24.0 tpy total combined HAPs and ≤ 9.50 tpy for each individual HAP
AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(b)	3.4	PM	$E=0.8808 \cdot I^{-0.1667}$
	40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines	3.5	NO _x and SO ₂	Applicability
	40 CFR 60.4300, 60.4305, and 60.4315, Subpart KKKK			
	40 CFR 60.4330(a)(1) and (2), Subpart KKKK	3.6	SO ₂	0.90 lb/MWh gross output or 0.060 lb SO ₂ /MMBTU (20 grains S/100scf)
	40 CFR 60.4320(a) and Table 1 to Subpart KKKK	3.7	NO _x	25 ppm at 15% O ₂ or 150 ng/J of useful output (1.2 lb/MWh)
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).	3.8(a)	NH ₃ (AA-000)	≤ 5 PPMV at 0% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 1.28 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 5.18 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown) from Emission Group AA-000
		3.8(b)	NH ₃ (AB-000)	≤ 5 PPMV at 0% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 2.69 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 10.53 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown) from Emission Group AB-000
		3.8(c)	NH ₃ (AC-000)	≤ 10 PPMV at 0% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 6.59 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 28.62 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown) from Emission Group AC-000
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.9	Operating Requirements	BACT: Startup and shutdown requirements
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.10(a)	CO ₂	BACT: ≤ 120 lb/MMBtu per turbine
		3.10(b)	PM ₁₀ (filterable + condensable)	BACT: ≤ 0.07 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.27 tpy (including startup and shutdown) per turbine

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant / Parameter	Limitation/Standard
		3.10(c)	PM _{2.5} (filterable + condensable)	BACT: ≤ 0.07 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.27 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.10(d)	SO ₂	BACT: ≤ 0.50 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 2.20 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.10(e)	NO _x	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 1.45 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 5.6 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.10(f)	CO	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 0.89 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 3.41 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.10(g)	VOC	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 1.39 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 5.37 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.10(h)	Opacity	BACT: ≤ 5 %
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10). (MACT Avoidance Limit)	3.10(i)	Formaldehyde	≤ 63.7 PPBV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 0.03 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.12 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.11	Operating Requirements	BACT: Startup and shutdown requirements
		3.12	Fuel restriction	BACT: Natural gas only
AB-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.13(a)	CO ₂	BACT: ≤ 120 lb/MMBtu per turbine
		3.13(b)	PM ₁₀ (filterable + condensable)	BACT: ≤ 0.14 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.55 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.13(c)	PM _{2.5} (filterable + condensable)	BACT: ≤ 0.14 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.55 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.13(d)	SO ₂	BACT: ≤ 1.05 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 4.61 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.13(e)	NO _x	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 3.05 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 11.38 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant / Parameter	Limitation/Standard
		3.13(f)	CO	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 1.86 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 6.93 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.13(g)	VOC	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 2.93 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 10.91 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.13(h)	Opacity	BACT: ≤ 5 %
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10). (MACT Avoidance Limit)	3.13(i)	Formaldehyde	≤ 63.7 PPBV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 0.06 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.24 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.14	Operating Requirements	BACT: Startup and shutdown requirements
		3.12	Fuel restriction	BACT: Natural gas only
AC-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.15(a)	CO ₂	BACT: ≤ 120 lb/MMBtu per turbine
		3.15(b)	PM ₁₀ (filterable + condensable)	BACT: ≤ 0.17 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.75 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.15(c)	PM _{2.5} (filterable + condensable)	BACT: ≤ 0.17 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.75 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.15(d)	SO ₂	BACT: ≤ 1.29 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 5.64 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.15(e)	NO _x	BACT: ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 3.74 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 15.47 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.15(f)	CO	BACT: ≤ 4 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 4.55 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 18.83 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
		3.15(g)	VOC	BACT: ≤ 2.5 PPMV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 4.48 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 18.53 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant / Parameter	Limitation/Standard
		3.15(h)	Opacity	BACT: ≤ 5 %
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10). (MACT Avoidance Limit)	3.15(i)	Formaldehyde	≤ 91 PPBV at 15% O ₂ on a dry basis not to exceed 0.11 lb/hr per turbine (excluding startup and shutdown) and ≤ 0.46 tpy per turbine (including startup and shutdown)
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.16	Operating Requirements	BACT: Startup and shutdown requirements
		3.12	Fuel restriction	BACT: Natural gas only
AE-000 and AF-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.17	Ammonia	BACT: Employ an AVO Leak Detection program
			VOC	
			CO _{2e} and GHG	
AG-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j) (PSD BACT Limit)	3.18(a)	NO _x	BACT: ≤ 0.049 lb/MMBtu per PRS
		3.18(b)	CO	BACT: ≤ 0.082 lb/MMBtu per PRS
		3.12	SO ₂ , PM, and GHG	BACT: Natural gas only
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).	3.19	PM (filterable)	0.6 lb/MMBtu
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).\\	3.20	SO ₂	4.8 lb/MMBtu

3.1 For the entire facility, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the discharge into the ambient air from any point source or emissions, any air contaminant of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree in excess of 40% opacity, equivalent to that provided in 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A(1). This shall not apply to vision obscuration caused by uncombined water droplets.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.B.)

3.2 For the entire facility, the permittee shall not cause, permit, or allow the emission of smoke from a point source into the open air from any manufacturing, industrial, commercial or waste disposal process which exceeds forty (40) percent opacity subject to the exceptions provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) below.

- (a) Startup operations may produce emissions which exceed 40% opacity for up to fifteen (15) minutes per startup in any one hour and not to exceed three (3) startups per stack in any twenty-four (24) hour period.

- (b) Emissions resulting from soot blowing operations shall be permitted provided such emissions do not exceed 60 percent opacity and provided further that the aggregate duration of such emissions during any twenty-four (24) hour period does not exceed ten (10) minutes per billion BTU gross heating value of fuel in any one hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.A.)

- 3.3 For the entire facility, the permittee shall not emit greater than 24.0 tons per year (tpy) of total, combined hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) and shall not emit greater than 9.50 tpy of any individual HAP.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).)

- 3.4 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, the permittee shall not have particulate emissions that exceed the emission rate as determined by the relationship:

$$E = 0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$$

where E is the emission rate in pounds per million BTU per hour heat input and I is the heat input in millions of BTU per hour.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(b).)

- 3.5 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, the permittee is subject to and shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK, and the General Provisions in Subpart A.

(Ref: 40 CFR Part 60.4300, 60.4305, and 60.4315, Subpart KKKK)

- 3.6 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, the permittee shall comply with either of the following conditions:

- (a) The permittee shall not burn any fuel which contains total potential sulfur emissions in excess of 0.060 lb SO₂ /MMBTU (20 grains S/100scf); or
- (b) The permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere any gases which contain SO₂ in excess of 0.90 pounds per megawatt-hour (lb/MWh) gross output.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4330(a)(1) and (2), Subpart KKKK)

- 3.7 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, the permittee shall not exceed a maximum hourly nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emission rate of 25 ppm at 15 percent O₂ or 150 ng/J of useful output (1.2 lb/MWh).

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4320(a) and Table 1 to Subpart KKKK)

3.8 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, the permittee shall comply with the following emission limits for each combustion turbine:

- (a) For Emission Point AA-000, Ammonia (NH₃) emissions from each turbine shall not exceed 5 PPMV at 0% oxygen on a dry basis and shall not exceed 1.28 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and 5.18 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis.
- (b) For Emission Point AB-000, Ammonia (NH₃) emissions from each turbine shall not exceed 5 PPMV at 0% oxygen on a dry basis and shall not exceed 2.69 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and 10.53 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis.
- (c) For Emission Point AC-000, Ammonia (NH₃) emissions from each turbine shall not exceed 10 PPMV at 0% oxygen on a dry basis and shall not exceed 6.59 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and 28.62 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10).)

3.9 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, shall comply with the following startup and shutdown requirements for the turbines:

- (a) Only five (5) turbines from each group (AA-000, AB-000 or AC-000) shall be allowed to operate in startup mode, simultaneously, i.e., at the same time.
- (b) Only five (5) turbines from each group (AA-000, AB-000 or AC-000) shall be allowed to operate in shutdown mode, simultaneously, i.e., at the same time.
- (c) At no time shall more than five (5) turbines from each group (AA-000, AB-000 or AC-000) be allowed to operate in startup and shutdown mode, simultaneously, i.e., at the same time.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **BACT Limit**)

3.10 For Emission Points AA-000, the permittee shall comply with the following emission and operating limits for each combustion turbine:

- (a) Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) ≤ 120 lb/MMBtu on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (b) Particulate Matter less than 10 microns (PM₁₀) ≤ 0.07 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 0.27 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (c) Particulate Matter less than 2.5 microns (PM_{2.5}) ≤ 0.07 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 0.27 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (d) Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) ≤ 0.50 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 2.20 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;

- (e) Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) ≤ 2 parts per million by volume (PPMV) at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 1.45 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 5.60 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (f) Carbon Monoxide (CO) ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 0.89 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 3.41 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (g) Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) ≤ 2 PPMV at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 1.39 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 5.37 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (h) Opacity ≤ 5%, and
- (i) Formaldehyde ≤ 63.7 parts per billion by volume (PPBV) at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 0.03 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 0.12 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **PSD BACT Limit** and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., **MACT Avoidance Limit**)

3.11 For Emission Points AA-000, the permittee shall comply with the following startup and shutdown requirements for each turbine:

- (a) A startup event begins at the moment the startup sequence is initiated by the facility operator and fuel flow is initiated into the specific combustion turbine and ends at a point not to exceed ten (10) minutes past the attainment of pre-mix steady-state mode. Initial pre-mix steady-state mode will not exceed 50% load.
- (b) For periods of startup, the permittee shall limit the period of each turbine startup to ten (10) minutes or less.
- (c) A shutdown event begins at the moment the specific combustion turbine reduces load and exits pre-mix steady-state mode (i.e., less than 100% load) during a normal shutdown sequence initiated by the facility operator and ends with the termination of fuel flow to the specific combustion turbine.
- (d) For periods of shutdown, the permittee shall limit the period of each turbine shutdown to ten (10) minutes or less.
- (e) The permittee shall not use emissions generated during periods of startup or shutdown for determining compliance with the 3-hour rolling average emission rates identified above. However, the permittee shall use the emissions generated during periods of startup or shutdown for determining compliance with the long-term annual (ton per year) emission limits identified above.
- (f) The permittee shall operate the combustion turbines in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices to minimize emissions during startups and

shutdowns. This operation shall occur in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions or other written instructions developed and maintained by the permittee which shall include review of the operating parameters of the unit during startups or shutdowns as necessary to make adjustments to reduce or eliminate excess emissions.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. And 40 CFR 52.21(j), **PSD BACT Limit**)

- 3.12 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, and AG-000, the permittee shall not fire any fuel other than natural gas.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **BACT Limit**)

- 3.13 For Emission Points AB-000, the permittee shall comply with the following emission and operating limits for each combustion turbine:

- (a) $\text{CO}_2 \leq 120 \text{ lb/MMBtu}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (b) $\text{PM}_{10} \leq 0.14 \text{ lb/hr}$ and $\leq 0.55 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (c) $\text{PM}_{2.5} \leq 0.14 \text{ lb/hr}$ and $\leq 0.55 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (d) $\text{SO}_2 \leq 1.05 \text{ lb/hr}$ and $\leq 4.61 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (e) $\text{NO}_x \leq 2 \text{ PPMV}$ at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 3.05 lb/hr (each determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and $\leq 11.38 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (f) $\text{CO} \leq 2 \text{ PPMV}$ at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 1.86 lb/hr (each determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and $\leq 6.93 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (g) $\text{VOC} \leq 2 \text{ PPMV}$ at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 2.93 lb/hr (each determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and $\leq 10.91 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis; and
- (h) $\text{Opacity} \leq 5\%$, and
- (i) Formaldehyde ≤ 63.7 parts per billion by volume (PPBV) at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 0.06 lb/hr (each determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and $\leq 0.24 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **PSD BACT Limit**)

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., **(MACT Avoidance Limit)**)

- 3.14 For Emission Points AB-000, the permittee shall comply with the following startup and shutdown requirements for each turbine:

- (a) A startup event begins at the moment the startup sequence is initiated by the facility operator and fuel flow is initiated into the specific combustion turbine and ends at a point not to exceed ten (10) minutes past the attainment of pre-mix steady-state mode. Initial pre-mix steady-state mode will not exceed 50% load.
- (b) For periods of startup, the permittee shall limit the period of each turbine startup to ten (10) minutes or less.
- (c) A shutdown event begins at the moment the specific combustion turbine reduces load and exits pre-mix steady-state mode (i.e., less than 100% load) during a normal shutdown sequence initiated by the facility operator and ends with the termination of fuel flow to the specific combustion turbine.
- (d) For periods of shutdown, the permittee shall limit the period of each turbine shutdown to ten (10) minutes or less.
- (e) The permittee shall not use emissions generated during periods of startup or shutdown for determining compliance with the 3-hour rolling average emission rates identified above. However, the permittee shall use the emissions generated during periods of startup or shutdown for determining compliance with the long-term annual (ton per year) emission limits identified above.
- (f) The permittee shall operate the combustion turbines in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices to minimize emissions during startups and shutdowns. This operation shall occur in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions or other written instructions developed and maintained by the permittee which shall include review of the operating parameters of the unit during startups or shutdowns as necessary to make adjustments to reduce or eliminate excess emissions.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **BACT Limit**)

3.15 For Emission Points AC-000, the permittee shall comply with the following emission and operating limits for each combustion turbine:

- (a) $\text{CO}_2 \leq 120 \text{ lb/MMBtu}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (b) $\text{PM}_{10} \leq 0.17 \text{ lb/hr}$ and $\leq 0.75 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (c) $\text{PM}_{2.5} \leq 0.17 \text{ lb/hr}$ and $\leq 0.75 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (d) $\text{SO}_2 \leq 1.29 \text{ lb/hr}$ and $\leq 5.64 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (e) $\text{NO}_x \leq 2 \text{ PPMV}$ at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 3.74 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and $\leq 15.47 \text{ tpy}$ on a 12-month rolling total basis;

- (f) $\text{CO} \leq 4$ PPMV at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 4.55 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 18.83 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (g) $\text{VOC} \leq 2.5$ PPMV at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 4.48 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 18.53 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis;
- (h) Opacity $\leq 5\%$, and
- (i) Formaldehyde ≤ 91 parts per billion by volume (PPBV) at 15% oxygen on a dry basis not to exceed 0.11 lb/hr (determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis) and ≤ 0.46 tpy on a 12-month rolling total basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **PSD BACT Limit**)

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(10)., **(MACT Avoidance Limit)**)

3.16 For Emission Points AC-000, the permittee shall comply with the following startup and shutdown requirements for each turbine:

- (a) A startup event begins at the moment the startup sequence is initiated by the facility operator and fuel flow is initiated into the specific combustion turbine and ends at a point not to exceed thirty (30) minutes past the attainment of pre-mix steady-state mode. Initial pre-mix steady-state mode will not exceed 50% load.
- (b) For periods of startup, the permittee shall limit the period of each turbine startup to thirty (30) minutes or less.
- (c) A shutdown event begins at the moment the specific combustion turbine reduces load and exits pre-mix steady-state mode (i.e., less than 100% load) during a normal shutdown sequence initiated by the facility operator and ends with the termination of fuel flow to the specific combustion turbine.
- (d) For periods of shutdown, the permittee shall limit the period of each turbine shutdown to thirty (30) minutes or less.
- (e) The permittee shall not use emissions generated during periods of startup or shutdown for determining compliance with the 3-hour rolling average emission rates identified above. However, the permittee shall use the emissions generated during periods of startup or shutdown for determining compliance with the long-term annual (ton per year) emission limits identified above.
- (f) The permittee shall operate the combustion turbines in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices to minimize emissions during startups and shutdowns. This operation shall occur in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions or other written instructions developed and maintained by the permittee which shall include review of the operating parameters of the unit

during startups or shutdowns as necessary to make adjustments to reduce or eliminate excess emissions.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. And 40 CFR 52.21(j)), **PSD BACT Limit**)

- 3.17 For Emission Points AE-000 and AF-000, the permittee shall develop and employ an Audio-Visual-Olfactory (AVO) program to detect and repair leaks to control Ammonia, VOC, and GHG emissions from fugitive leaks before startup of the facility. The development of the AVO program shall include the creation of a fugitive monitoring plan.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. And 40 CFR 52.21(j) **PSD BACT Limit**)

- 3.18 For Emission Points AG-000, the permittee shall adhere to good combustion practices and combust only pipeline quality natural gas to meet the following emissions standards:

(a) $\text{NO}_x \leq 0.049 \text{ lb/MMBtu per PRS}$;

(b) $\text{CO} \leq 0.082 \text{ lb/MMBtu per PRS}$;

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, Ch. 5. and 40 CFR 52.21(j), **PSD BACT Limit**)

- 3.19 For Emission Points AG-000, the maximum permissible emission of ash and/or particulate matter from fossil fuel burning installations of less than 10 million BTU per hour heat input shall not exceed 0.6 pounds per million BTU per hour heat input

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.3.D(1)(a).)

- 3.20 For Emission Points AG-000, the maximum discharge of sulfur oxides from any fuel burning installation in which the fuel is burned to primarily produce heat or power by indirect heat transfer shall not exceed 4.8 pounds (measure as sulfur dioxide) per million BTU heat input.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 1.4.A(1).)

SECTION 4. WORK PRACTICES

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/Parameter	Work Practice
AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000	40 CFR 60.4333(a), Subpart KKKK	4.1	GHG/VOC	Good air control practices

- 4.1 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000 and AC-000, the permittee must operate and maintain the stationary combustion turbine, air pollution control equipment, and monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions at all times including during startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4333(a), Subpart KKKK)

SECTION 5. MONITORING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Pollutant/Parameter	Monitoring/Recordkeeping Requirement
Facility-Wide	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.9.	5.1	Recordkeeping	Maintain records for a minimum of 5 years.
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.2	CO ₂ , PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ , NO _x , CO, VOC, Ammonia, Formaldehyde, Total HAPs, & GHG	Good Air Pollution Control Practices
		5.3		Develop and implement an operation and maintenance plan
		5.4		Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
		5.5	GHG	Global Warming Potential
AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000	40 CFR 60.4365, Subpart KKKK	5.6	Fuel Sulfur Content	Fuel monitoring
	40 CFR 60.4340, 60.4400(a) and (b), Subpart KKKK and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.7	NO _x	Performance stack testing
AA-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.8	CO ₂ , NO _x , CO, VOC, Ammonia, Formaldehyde, & Opacity	Performance stack testing and monitoring requirements
AB-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.9		Performance stack testing and monitoring requirements
AC-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.10		Performance stack testing and monitoring requirements
AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.11		Performance stack testing and monitoring requirements
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.12	PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5}	Performance stack testing and monitoring requirements
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.13	SO ₂	Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.14	Catalyst bed temperature and ammonia injection rate	Parametric monitoring requirements
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.15	Startups And Shutdowns	Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
AE-000 and AF-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.16	VOC, GHG, and CO _{2e}	Maintain AVO plan and repairs made
AE-000 and AF-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.17	VOC, GHG, and CO _{2e}	AVO Monitoring plan evaluations
AG-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.18	NO _x & CO	Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
AG-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	5.19	GHG	Monitoring and recordkeeping requirements
AA-000,	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R.	5.20	Recordkeeping	Monitoring and recordkeeping

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AB-000, AC-000, and AG-000	2.2.B(11).			requirements
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- 5.1 The permittee shall retain all required records, monitoring data, supporting information and reports for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes, but is not limited to, all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip-chart recordings or other data for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Copies of such records shall be submitted to DEQ as required by Applicable Rules and Regulations or this permit or upon request.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.9.)

- 5.2 For the entire facility, at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, shakedown, tuning and malfunction, the permittee shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the facility, including associated air pollution control equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to DEQ, which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observation, review of operating maintenance procedures and inspection of the facility.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.3 For Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, as soon as practicable following initial startup of each individual combustion turbine, the permittee shall develop and implement an operation and maintenance plan. At a minimum, the plan shall identify measures for assessing the performance of the turbine, the acceptable range of the performance measures for achieving the design electrical output, the methods for monitoring the performance measures, and the routine procedures for maintaining the turbine in good operating condition.

The permittee shall maintain a copy of the current operation and maintenance plan for the facility and shall keep a copy of all prior versions of the plan for a minimum of five (5) years. The permittee shall also keep records of the monitoring data for each of the facility performance measures and all maintenance activities; the permittee shall maintain such records for a minimum of five (5) years following the date they are created.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.4 For the entire facility, the permittee shall monitor and record the monthly and consecutive 12-month rolling total of CO₂, PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NO_x, CO, VOC, Ammonia, Formaldehyde, Total HAPs & GHG emissions in tons per year for each pollutant. Such records shall be kept for five (5) years and made available upon request by DEQ personnel.

For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, emissions shall be calculated based on results of the most recent performance stack tests or CEMS data. For pollutants whereby there are no performance stack test results or CEMS data, applicable emission factors shall be utilized.

Emissions during startup and shutdown activities shall be calculated based on the Startup/Shutdown manufacturer's emissions documentation (where available) or applicable emission factors.

For all other emission sources, emissions shall be calculated based on manufacturer's emissions documentation (where available) or applicable emission factors.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.5 For the entire facility, for the purposes of showing compliance with any GHG emission limit in this permit, the Global Warming Potential (GWP) factors listed in 40 CFR 98, Subpart A, Table A-1 as of the issuance date of this permit shall be used. The current GWP factors are listed below:

GHG Pollutant	GWP Factor
CO ₂	1
CH ₄	28
N ₂ O	265

(Ref.: 40 CFR 98, Subpart A, Table A-1 – Revised April 25, 2024)

- 5.6 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall monitor and keep records of the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel combusted in the turbine. The permittee shall maintain on site the gas quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the natural gas, specifying that the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel is 20.0 grains/100 scf (equivalent to 338 ppmv) or less.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4365, Subpart KKKK)

- 5.7 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the NO_x emission limitations by performance stack testing, annually (not to exceed 14 months from the previous one), in accordance with 40 CFR 60.4400 to demonstrate continuous compliance. If the NO_x emission results from the performance stack test is less than or equal to 75% of the NO_x emission limit for the turbine, the permittee may reduce the frequency of subsequent performance test to once every 2 years (no more than 26 calendar months following the previous performance test). If the results of any subsequent performance test exceed 75% of the NO_x emission limit for the turbine, the permittee must resume annual performance tests.

The NO_x performance tests must be done at load conditions within plus or minus 25 percent of 100 percent of peak load. The permittee may perform testing at the highest achievable load point, if at least 75 percent of peak load cannot be achieved in practice. The permittee must conduct three separate test runs for each performance test. The minimum time per run is 20 minutes.

Reference method testing to be conducted in accordance with test protocol detailing QA/QC to be used during testing and subject to approval by DEQ.

As an alternative, the permittee may install, calibrate, maintain and operate a continuous monitoring system that continuously monitors appropriate parameters to verify the proper operation of the NO_x emission controls as outlined in 60.4345 and 60.4350 and in compliance with Subpart KKKK.

(Ref: 40 CFR 60.4340, 60.4400(a) and (b), Subpart KKKK and 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.8 For Emission Points AA-000, each air emissions unit shall be constructed to comply with the short-term emission limitations and monitoring requirements specified in Section 3 and below, except during periods of startups and shutdowns. The air emissions equipment shall each be constructed to comply with the long-term (on a 12-month rolling total basis) emissions, including during periods of startup and shutdown.

Pollutant	Short-Term Limits	Long-Term Limits	Test Methods
CO ₂	120 lb/MMBtu	120 lb/MMBtu	Good Combustion Practices
NO _x	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 1.45 lb/hr	5.60 tpy	Simplified EPA Test Method 1 and EPA Test Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
CO	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 0.89 lb/hr	3.41 tpy	EPA Test Method 10, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
VOC	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 1.39 lb/hr	5.37 tpy	EPA Method 18 or 25A, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
NH ₃	5 PPMV at 0% O ₂ not to exceed 1.28 lb/hr	5.18 tpy	EPA Test Method 320, 40 CFR 63, Appendix A
CH ₂ O	63.7 PPBV at 15% O ₂ not to exceed 0.03 lb/hr	0.12 tpy	EPA Test Method 320, 40 CFR 63, Appendix A or ATSM D6384-12e1
Opacity	5%		EPA Test Method 9, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A

The permittee shall demonstrate initial compliance with emission limits, by stack testing in accordance with the applicable EPA Test Methods listed above or an EPA approved alternative within 180 days after startup.

All test methods shall be the current versions, which are in effect upon permit issuance. The stack testing shall be performed when the emission units are operating as close to their maximum capacity (90 % - 100 %) as operating conditions allow.

In lieu of stack testing for NO_x, CO, VOC, NH₃, and Formaldehyde, the permittee can demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations using a Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS). Demonstrating compliance with the ppm, lb/hr, and tpy limits using CEMS data in lieu of EPA Reference Methods is an acceptable practice provided the permittee meets the guidelines established in EPA's general guidance on "Alternative Testing and Monitoring Procedures for Combustion Turbines Regulated under New Source Performance Standards". This includes the use of reference method test data collected during Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATA) required per 40 CFR 75.

Subsequent stack testing shall be conducted within 25 months of the previous stack test. If a stack test shows that the emissions are at or below 75 percent of the emission limits in Section 3, then the permittee shall stack test once every five (5) years (not to exceed 60 months from previous stack test). If a stack test shows emissions exceeding 75 percent of the emission limit, the permittee shall perform the stack test biennially (not to exceed 25 months from the previous test). The stack testing shall be performed on a biennial basis (not to exceed 25 months from the previous test) until two (2) consecutive stack tests show emissions below 75 percent of the emission limit at which time the stack testing may return to the once per five (5) year (60 month) testing frequency. After the initial stack test, the subsequent stack testing for NO_x shall be performed on the frequency required by Subpart KKKK and Condition 5.7.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.9 For Emission Points AB-000, each air emissions unit shall be constructed to comply with the short-term emission limitations and monitoring requirements specified below, except during periods of startups and shutdowns. The air emissions equipment shall each be constructed to comply with the long-term (on a 12-month rolling total basis) emissions during periods of startup and shutdown.

Pollutant	Short-Term Limits	Long-Term Limits	Test Methods
CO ₂	120 lb/MMBtu	120 lb/MMBtu	Good Combustion Practices
NO _x	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 3.05 lb/hr	11.38 tpy	Simplified EPA Test Method 1 and EPA Test Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
CO	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 1.86 lb/hr	6.93 tpy	EPA Test Method 10, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
VOC	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 2.93 lb/hr	10.91 tpy	EPA Method 18 or 25A, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
NH ₃	5 PPMV at 0% O ₂ not to exceed 2.69 lb/hr	10.53 tpy	EPA Test Method 320, 40 CFR 63, Appendix A
CH ₂ O	63.7 PPBV at 15% O ₂ not to exceed 0.06 lb/hr	0.24 tpy	EPA Test Method 320, 40 CFR 63, Appendix A or ATSM D6384-12e1
Opacity	5%		EPA Test Method 9, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A

The permittee shall demonstrate initial compliance with emission limits, by stack testing in accordance with the applicable EPA Test Methods listed above or an EPA approved alternative within 180 days after startup.

All test methods shall be the current versions, which are in effect upon permit issuance. The stack testing shall be performed when the emission units are operating as close to their maximum capacity (90 % - 100 %) as operating conditions allow.

In lieu of stack testing for NO_x, CO, VOC, and NH₃, and Formaldehyde, the permittee can demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations using a Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS). Demonstrating compliance with the ppm, lb/hr, and tpy limits using CEMS data in lieu of EPA Reference Methods is an acceptable practice provided the permittee meets the guidelines established in EPA's general guidance on "Alternative Testing and Monitoring Procedures for Combustion Turbines Regulated under New Source Performance Standards". This includes the use of reference method test data collected during Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATA) required per 40 CFR 75.

Subsequent stack testing shall be conducted within 25 months of the previous stack test. If a stack test shows that the emissions are at or below 75 percent of the emission limits in Section 3, then the permittee shall stack test once every five (5) years (not to exceed 60 months from previous stack test). If a stack test shows emissions exceeding 75 percent of the emission limit, the permittee shall perform the stack test biennially (not to exceed 25 months from the previous test). The stack testing shall be performed on a biennial basis (not to exceed 25 months from the previous test) until two (2) consecutive stack tests show emissions below 75 percent of the emission limit at which time the stack testing may return to the once per five (5) year (60 month) testing frequency. After the initial stack test, the subsequent stack testing for NO_x shall be performed on the frequency required by Subpart KKKK and Condition 5.7.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.10 For Emission Points AC-000, each air emissions unit shall be constructed to comply with the short-term emission limitations and monitoring requirements specified below, except during periods of startups and shutdowns. The air emissions equipment shall each be constructed to comply with the long-term (on a 12-month rolling total basis) emissions during periods of startup and shutdown.

Pollutant	Short-Term Limits	Long-Term Limits	Test Methods
CO ₂	120 lb/MMBtu	120 lb/MMBtu	Good Combustion Practices
NO _x	2 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 3.74 lb/hr	15.47 tpy	Simplified EPA Test Method 1 and EPA Test Method 20, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
CO	4 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 4.55 lb/hr	18.83 tpy	EPA Test Method 10, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
VOC	2.5 PPMV at 15% O ₂ , not to exceed 4.48 lb/hr	18.53 tpy	EPA Method 18 or 25A, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A
NH ₃	10 PPMV at 0% O ₂ not to exceed 6.59 lb/hr	28.62 tpy	EPA Test Method 320, 40 CFR 63, Appendix A
CH ₂ O	91 PPBV at 15% O ₂ not to exceed 0.11 lb/hr	0.46 tpy	EPA Test Method 320, 40 CFR 63, Appendix A or ATSM D6384-12e1
Opacity	5%		EPA Test Method 9, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A

The permittee shall demonstrate initial compliance with emission limits, by stack testing in accordance with the applicable EPA Test Methods listed above or an EPA approved alternative within 180 days after startup of each turbine.

All test methods shall be the current versions, which are in effect upon permit issuance. The stack testing shall be performed when the emission units are operating as close to their maximum capacity (90 % - 100 %) as operating conditions allow.

In lieu of stack testing and parametric monitoring for NO_x, CO, VOC, NH₃, and Formaldehyde, the permittee can demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations using a Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS). Demonstrating compliance with the ppm, lb/hr, and tpy limits using CEMS data in lieu of EPA Reference Methods is an acceptable practice provided the permittee meets the guidelines established in EPA's general guidance on "Alternative Testing and Monitoring Procedures for Combustion Turbines Regulated under New Source Performance Standards". This includes the use of reference method test data collected during Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATA) required per 40 CFR 75.

Subsequent stack testing shall be conducted within 25 months of the previous stack test. If a stack test shows that the emissions are at or below 75 percent of the emission limits in Section 3, then the permittee shall stack test once every five (5) years (not to exceed 60 months from previous stack test). If a stack test shows emissions exceeding 75 percent of the emission limit, the permittee shall perform the stack test biennially (not to exceed 25 months from the previous test). The stack testing shall be performed on a biennial basis (not to exceed 25 months from the previous test) until two (2) consecutive stack tests show emissions below 75 percent of the emission limit at which time the stack testing may return to the once per five (5) year (60 month) testing frequency. After the initial stack test, the subsequent stack testing for NO_x shall be performed on the frequency required by Subpart KKKK and Condition 5.7.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.11 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with emission limitations denoted in Section 3 and Conditions 5.8, 5.9, 5.10, and 5.12 by stack testing in accordance with specified EPA Reference Test Methods or their EPA approved equivalents within 180 days of startup. Recorded turbine operational information during each performance stack test shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Generator load/kilowatt output.
- (b) Fuel consumption.
- (c) SCR Catalyst bed exhaust temperature.
- (d) Oxidation Catalyst bed exhaust temperature.
- (e) Ammonia solution injection rate.

The recorded turbine operational information shall be used to create operational parameter ranges for catalyst bed temperature and ammonia injection rate.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.12 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} emissions denoted in Section 3 and the table below.

Emission Group	Pollutant	Short-Term Limits	Long-Term Limits	Test Methods
AA-000	PM ₁₀	0.07 lb/hr	0.27 tpy	EPA Test Method 201 or 201A in conjunction with Test Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M
AA-000	PM _{2.5}	0.07 lb/hr	0.27 tpy	EPA Test Method 201 or 201A in conjunction with Test Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M
AB-000	PM ₁₀	0.14 lb/hr	0.55 tpy	EPA Test Method 201 or 201A in conjunction with Test Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M
AB-000	PM _{2.5}	0.14 lb/hr	0.55 tpy	EPA Test Method 201 or 201A in conjunction with Test Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M
AC-000	PM ₁₀	0.17 lb/hr	0.75 tpy	EPA Test Method 201 or 201A in conjunction with Test Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M
AC-000	PM _{2.5}	0.17 lb/hr	0.75 tpy	EPA Test Method 201 or 201A in conjunction with Test Method 202, 40 CFR 51, Appendix M

Initial performance stack testing shall be conducted within 180 days of startup on twelve (12) turbines, specifically, four (4) turbines from Emission Group AA-000, four (4) turbines from Emission Group AB-000, and four (4) turbines from Emission Group AC-000. Subsequent testing shall be conducted every 5 years (not to exceed 61 months from the previous test) on a separate set of twelve (12) turbines, specifically, four (4) turbines from Emission Group AA-000, four (4) turbines from Emission Group AB-000, and four (4) turbines from Emission Group AC-000. The testing shall be performed on this schedule until all turbines in Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000 are tested.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.13 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the BACT Limits for SO₂ by maintaining on site the gas quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the natural gas, specifying that the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel is 20.0 grains/100 scf (equivalent to 338 ppmv) or less. The permittee shall monitor the amount of natural gas combusted in the emission points. In addition, the permittee shall follow all

manufacturer's recommendations for good combustion practices including all maintenance recommendations.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.14 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall continuously monitor and keep records of the catalyst bed temperature and the ammonia injection rate. The permittee shall keep records of any instances when the operating parameters range established during the performance stack test are not met. These records shall include date, time, duration, and any corrective actions that are performed.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.15 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall monitor and keep records of the duration of all startups and shutdowns of the combustion turbines. These records shall include the time and date of such startups and shutdowns and confirmation that good air pollution control practices were followed.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.16 For Emission Points AE-000 and AF-000, the permittee shall record and maintain a log of daily AVO inspections and any repairs made to the fugitive sources in accordance with the Fugitive Monitoring Plan.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.17 For Emission Points AE-000 and AF-000, the permittee shall reevaluate the Fugitive Monitoring plan annually, not to exceed fourteen (14) months from the previous evaluation.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.18 For Emission Points AG-000, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the BACT Limits by maintaining on site the gas quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the natural gas, and monitoring the amount of natural gas combusted in the emission points. In addition, the permittee shall follow all manufacturer's recommendations for good combustion practices including all maintenance recommendations.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.19 For Emission Points AG-000, the permittee shall use the annual heat input and data from 40 CFR 98, Table C-1 to calculate and record CO_{2(e)} emissions on a 12-month rolling average using the Global Warming Potential factors in Condition 5.5.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 5.20 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, AC-000, and AG-000, the permittee shall keep a log of all preventative maintenance including any corrective actions or instances when the manufacturer's recommendations were not performed timely.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

SECTION 6. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Emission Point	Applicable Requirement	Condition Number(s)	Reporting Requirement
Facility-Wide	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.1(a)	Report deviations within five (5) working days
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.1(b)	Semiannual reporting
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.1(c)	Certification by responsible official
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.C(2).	6.1(d)	Notification of beginning actual construction within 15 days
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.C(3).	6.1(e)	Notification when construction does not begin or is suspended
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(1) and (3).	6.1(f)	Certification of completion of construction prior to operation
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(2).	6.1(g)	Notification of changes in construction
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.2	Submit stack test protocol 30 days prior to conducting the stack test
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.3	Submit a stack test report within 60 days of conducting the stack test
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.4	Semi-annual reporting
AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.5	Submit records of startup, shutdown, and tuning events
	40 CFR 60.4375(a), 60.4375(b), and 60.4395, Subpart KKKK	6.6	Subpart KKKK Reporting
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.7	Submit records of parametric monitoring data
AE-000 and AF-000	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.8	Submit initial Fugitive monitoring plan
	11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).	6.9	Submit report of AVO leaks detected and repairs made

6.1 General Reporting Requirements:

- (a) The permittee shall report all deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upsets, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Said report shall be made within five (5) working days of the time the deviation began.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- (b) Beginning upon issuance of this permit and lasting until issuance or modification of the applicable operating permit, the permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring by July 31st and January 31st for the preceding six-month period. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports and all required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.1.C. Where

no monitoring data is required to be reported and/or there are no deviations to report, the report shall contain the appropriate negative declaration. For any air emissions equipment not yet constructed and/or operating the report shall so note and include an estimated date of commencement of construction and/or startup, whichever is applicable.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- (c) Any document required by this permit to be submitted to the DEQ shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official stating that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- (d) Within fifteen (15) days of beginning actual construction, the permittee must notify DEQ in writing that construction has begun.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.C(2).)

- (e) The permittee must notify DEQ in writing when construction does not begin within eighteen (18) months of issuance or if construction is suspended for eighteen (18) months or more.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.C(3).)

- (f) Upon the completion of construction or installation of an approved stationary source or modification, and prior to commencing operation, the applicant shall notify the Permit Board that construction or installation was performed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications on file with the Permit Board.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(1) and (3).)

- (g) The Permit Board shall be promptly notified in writing of any change in construction from the previously approved plans and specifications or permit. If the Permit Board determines the changes are substantial, it may require the submission of a new application to construct with “as built” plans and specifications. Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, the acceptance of an “as built” application shall not constitute a waiver of the right to seek compliance penalties pursuant to State Law.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.5.D(2).)

- 6.2 For the entire facility, the permittee shall submit a stack test protocol at least thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled test date to ensure that all test methods and procedures are acceptable to the DEQ. If the initial stack test protocol is acceptable, subsequent test protocols may be waived if these protocols contain no significant changes.

Also, the DEQ must be notified at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled test date so that an observer may be present to witness the test(s).

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 6.3 For the entire facility, the permittee shall submit a report of any stack test results within sixty (60) days of conducting the respective stack test.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 6.4 For the entire facility, the permittee shall submit a summary of the 12-month rolling totals for CO₂, PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NO_x, CO, VOC, NH₃, Formaldehyde, Total HAP, and GHG emissions during the semiannual reporting period in accordance with Condition 6.1(b). Emissions of each pollutant shall be reported on an emission point by emission point basis.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 6.5 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall submit a report which contains the hours of operation during the reporting period for each operating mode. At a minimum, this report shall include the number of startups and shutdowns, duration of each, and the time the combustion unit was in operation until such time the control equipment began to operate. The report shall also state if there were any instances whereby more than five (5) turbines from each emission group (Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000) simultaneously operated in periods of startup or shutdown. The information shall be submitted in accordance with Condition 6.1(b).

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 6.6 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall comply with all applicable reporting requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK.

(Ref.: 40 CFR 60.4375(a), 60.4375(b), and 60.4395, Subpart KKKK)

- 6.7 For Emission Points AA-000, AB-000, and AC-000, the permittee shall submit a report which contains the parametric monitoring records required by Condition 5.14. The report shall include any time during the reporting period where the emissions points operated outside of the parametric values established during the most recent performance test. The information shall be submitted in accordance with Condition 6.1(b).

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 6.8 For Emission Points AE-000 and AF-000, the permittee shall submit the Fugitive Monitoring Plan within 180 days from startup of the facility.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)

- 6.9 For Emission Points AE-000 and AF-000, the permittee shall submit semi-annual reports in accordance with Condition 6.1(b) of leaks detected through the Fugitive monitoring plan as well as all repairs made to the fugitive sources. If no leaks are detected and no repairs are made, the permittee shall instead submit a negative declaration.

(Ref.: 11 Miss. Admin. Code Pt. 2, R. 2.2.B(11).)